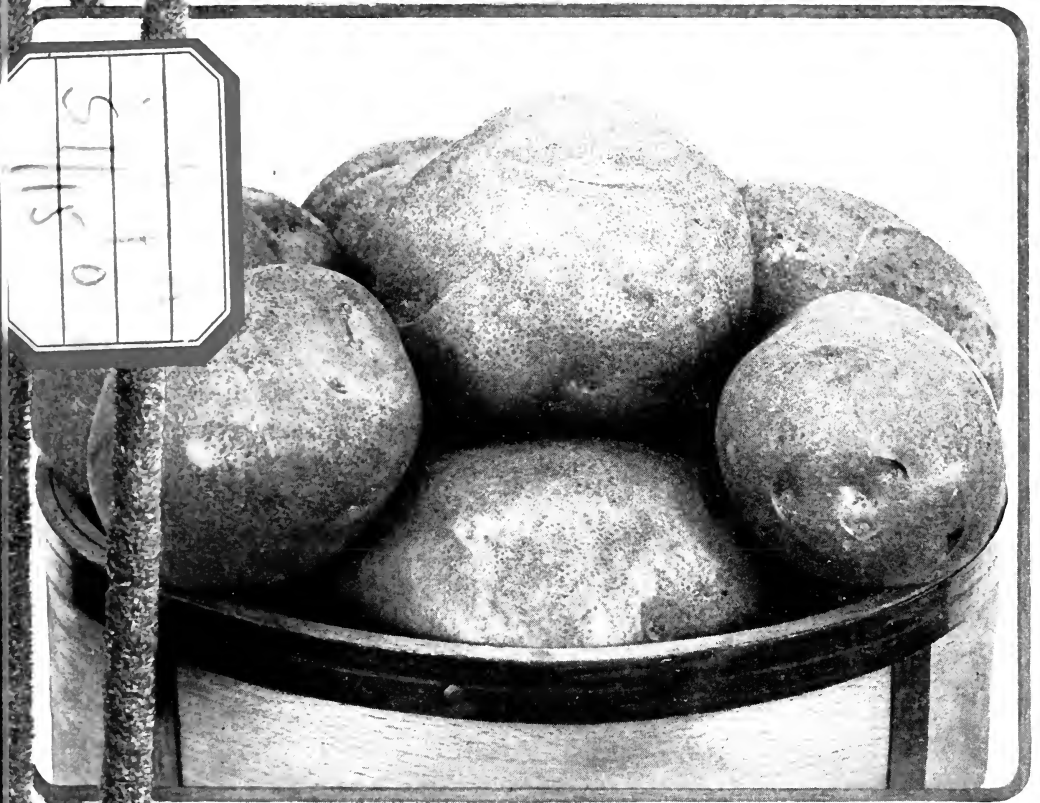


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Dibble's
Farm Seed Catalog
1914

RECEIVED
JUN 15 1920



Dibble's New Russet

Edward F. Dibble Seedgrower
Honeye Falls
New York

D. B. Timothy

The Plain Truth About the 1914 Farm Seed Situation

THE 1913 CROP OF POTATOES

Around 100,000,000 bushels short of that of 1912, and but a trifle larger than the phenomenally light yield of 1911, when the market reached \$1.50 per bushel to the farmer, and not enough to go around at that.

The Department of Agriculture gives the crop as a little over 300,000,000 bushels. The *American Agriculturist*, through its corps of statisticians, places the yield much below that of the Department, or an even 288,000,000 bushels, which is less than three bushels per capita.

Long-continued dry weather raised havoc with the crop in general; the quality of the tubers, however, was never better, no large, overgrown ones, but of a nice medium size, and we have stored thousands of bushels without finding a single rotten or diseased potato.

As the United States Department of Agriculture continues its embargo on importations of potatoes from Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, France, Russia, etc., owing to the diseased condition of the potatoes from these countries, there will be but few potatoes imported, and, owing to our short crop here, potatoes will certainly rule high in price throughout the season.

AS TO SEED OATS

"About 300,000,000 bushels short of last year's crop," according to the Government Crop Report, is the verdict of the 1913 oat crop. Dry weather is given as the reason, and, in many of the heavy oat-producing states, there was but little over half an average crop produced. We were fortunate, here in western New York, as our entire acreage of around two hundred acres has yielded at least sixty bushels per acre, or twice the average of the entire United States, and the quality was never better.

SEED BARLEY

Seed barley this season is of splendid quality and of good color—bright as a new dollar. Price will be higher than that of last year, as the crop is 50,000,000 bushels short as compared with the 1912 crop.

SEED. CORN

Seed corn of good quality will be scarce, hard to find, and will command good, strong prices, as there is not enough to go round. The Government Crop Report shows the corn crop to be nearly 700,000,000 bushels short, as the result of the prolonged drought throughout the great corn-producing states. Such corn states as Kansas, Oklahoma, Nebraska and Missouri producing only from three to seventeen bushels per acre.

ALFALFA, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED

Alfalfa and clover seed production is always heavy in a dry season, and, therefore, the alfalfa and mammoth and medium clover seed crops are good ones; these seeds will be much cheaper than they were last year, and the quality is better. Alsike seed is also in more liberal supply this season and, of course, lower in price. Timothy seed is in much shorter supply and at least \$1 per bushel higher than last year.

HONEYE FALLS, N. Y.

Date _____ 191_____

Ship the following order on or about (Date) _____ 191_____

☛ Money sent in either of the above ways is at our risk ; if you send in any other way, it is at your risk.

ANNUAL CATALOG, 1914

EDWARD F. DIBBLE SEEDGROWER



Presenting our twenty-third annual Catalog, we wish to thank our many thousands of customers for their most generous support during the past year, which was the best in our history, and to assure them that, for the year just opening, we have stored in our Seed-Houses, the largest, choicest and most comprehensive stock of Farm Seeds we have ever owned, and we are in better shape to serve their needs than ever before.

This is strictly a Farm Seed Catalogue, and we grow and sell Farm Seeds only. We are **Headquarters for Farm Seeds.**

Our prices are as low as the **best** Farm Seeds can be sold for, as we sell direct from our Seed Farms to yours, just one grade, and that the **best** that money will buy. When we purchase seeds to supplement those of our own growing, we buy but one grade, and that is the best grade obtainable, regardless of price.

Now, if you want **high-quality** seeds, order from this Catalog.

In writing the descriptions of our various varieties of Seed Potatoes, Corn, Oats, etc., we tell the exact truth about each sort to the very best of our knowledge and belief. Throughout the book you will find many testimonial letters from satisfied customers, and these statements prove that Dibble's Farm Seeds "make good" when given a fair chance. We trust that you will take the time to read what we say about our seeds, but be sure and read **what others say about them.**

Our location and shipping facilities are of the best, and freight rates to points in the middle and eastern states are low. Honeoye Falls is 13 miles south of Rochester, 70 miles from Buffalo, and on the New York Central and Lehigh Valley Railroads.

C. L. freight rates to principal points are as follows; L. C. L. slightly higher:

Rate points	Per 100 lbs.	Rate points	Per 100 lbs.
New York.....	\$0 15	Worcester.....	\$0 17½
Trenton.....	15	Springfield.....	17½
Philadelphia.....	15	Hartford.....	17½
Baltimore.....	15	New Haven.....	17½
Pittsburgh.....	15	Bridgeport.....	17½
Harrisburg.....	15	Providence.....	17½
Cleveland.....	15	Washington.....	20
Boston.....	17½	Albany.....	10

PRICES are f. o. b. shipping station. Barrels and bags free, as stated.

TERMS.—*Strictly cash with order, except on carload lots, upon which we will make you a special price delivered at your station. If customers order goods shipped to a pre-paid station, or to a station at which there is no agent, cash must accompany the order to prepay the freight; otherwise we will ship to the nearest railroad station at which there is a regular agent.*

REFERENCES.—Bank of Honeoye Falls, Bank of Lima, Dun's or Bradstreet's, editors of leading agricultural papers, and thousands of satisfied customers.

AS TO GUARANTEE.—After the experience of a quarter of a century as farmers and seedsmen, we have evolved a guarantee clause of our own for different kinds of Farm Seeds that provides an absolute "Square Deal" to each and every purchaser, and we hereby give notice that Dibble's Seed Potatoes, Corn, Oats, Barley, Alfalfa, Clover and Timothy seeds are sold subject to the guarantee as printed in the respective pages describing our different seeds, and prospective customers are requested to read the liberal terms of our guarantee before ordering.

DIBBLE'S SEED POTATOES

Stand at the Head

There is an old adage that "Like produces like." This is a law of eugenics, and if you want to grow a good crop of Potatoes, you must plant good seed. Dibble's Seed Potatoes are **good** Seed Potatoes. They are grown in the cold North, from carefully selected stock seed, and each variety is planted on soil especially adapted to its requirements. Then, when harvested, they are stored in frost-proof warehouses, which are kept at an even temperature and, after carefully assorting and packing, are shipped direct to you at lower prices than you can purchase the same high-grade seed for elsewhere. Last season the average yield for the country was around 80 to 90 bushels per acre, yet we have scores of testimonial letters from our customers that Dibble's Seed Potatoes gave them crops of from 150 to 400 bushels per acre, in many instances out-yielding their home-grown seed two to one.

On the Eden Trial-Grounds in Massachusetts, where a thousand varieties were tested, Dibble's Seed Potatoes stood at the head three years in succession. At the great Potato Show held at Cornell University, Dibble's Seed Potatoes won the first prize for the largest, best and most comprehensive display of Potatoes (there being over one hundred varieties in our exhibit). Whenever we have exhibited at the fairs of the East, such as the Inter-State Fair at Trenton, N. J., or the New York State Fair at Syracuse, our Seed Potatoes have taken first prize and first honors in each and every case over all other exhibitors. By reading the testimonials scattered throughout this book, you will find that our seeds are recommended by the editors of leading agricultural papers, various experiment stations, agricultural colleges, and scores of leading business farmers.

Seed Potato Specialists. We have been Seed Potato Specialists for over twenty years. Our 1,600-acre seed farms are located in the best Potato section of the Empire State. Our four warehouses, located on our own private tracks adjoining the New York Central and Lehigh Valley Railroads, are 400 feet in length, with a capacity of 75,000 bushels.

Providence was very kind to us last season in that, although our crop was not so large as that of a year ago, we were not troubled with either early or late blight, and the fields ripened naturally as in days of old.

Northern-grown, vigorous, fully developed, healthy seed is the only kind you can afford to plant. Throw away blighted, half-grown, run-out stock, if you have it. Plant Dibble's Seed Potatoes; then, with good soil, good farming and good weather, your 1914 Potato crop is assured.

Seed Potato Guarantee

We guarantee our Seed Potatoes northern-grown, assorted for seed purposes, and if the time of shipment is left to our discretion, we guarantee arrival free from frost or heat. While we exercise great care to have our Seed Potatoes pure and reliable, so many circumstances may arise over which we have no control, such as too hot or too cold, too wet or too dry weather, too deep or too shallow planting, etc., that we do not give any warranty, express or implied, nor will we be responsible for the crops grown therefrom. Customers are to examine their Seed Potatoes at once on arrival, as they are perishable goods, and, if not entirely satisfactory, advise us at once; otherwise it is mutually agreed between the buyer and seller that they are satisfactory.



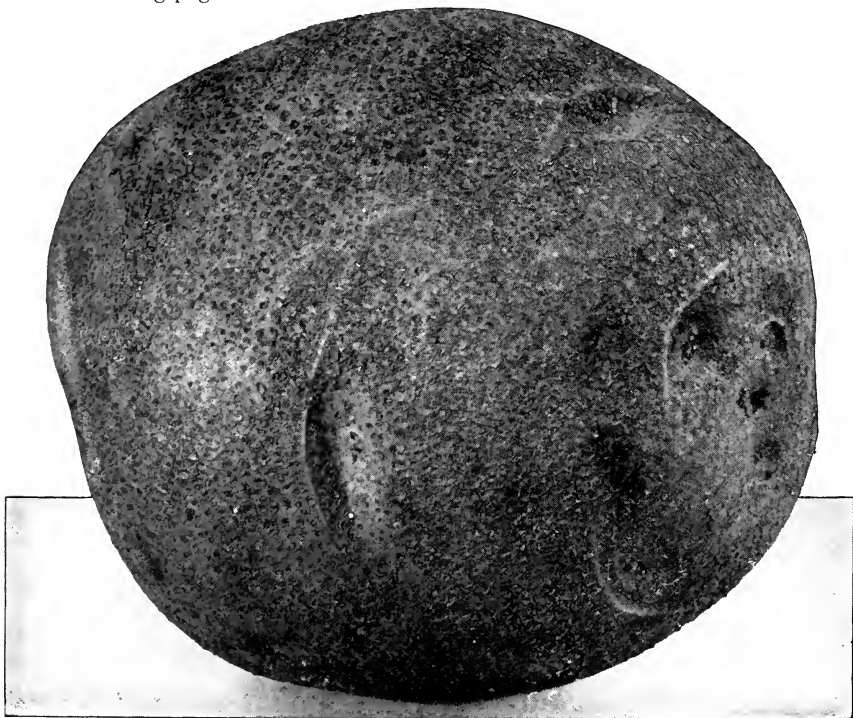
DIBBLE'S RUSSET POTATOES

The best Potato for main crop now in cultivation; was introduced to our customers two years ago. At that time we had just 1,000 barrels to spare, and they gave such good results everywhere that last year we sold 4,160 barrels. Notwithstanding the drought of last summer, the Russet produced wonderful crops. We repeat the description given two years ago:

"If you could find a late Potato with such a robust habit of growth that the rich, dark green vines covered the ground, even when planted 3 feet apart each way, and that in a dry season, and these luxuriant vines were free from blight, and not bothered with bugs, you would say that you had found a valuable variety. Then, if when you came to harvest the crop, you found under each hill six, eight, ten and even twelve large-sized, round, white tubers, tubers as large and shapely as those of the Rurals, Carmans or Raleighs, but twice or three times as many per hill, tubers completely covered with a beautiful russet skin, and tubers which, whether you baked or boiled them, upon tasting, you at once pronounced the best Potato you ever ate, you would exclaim: 'This is the best Potato I ever saw.'

"Dibble's Russet fits the above description in every particular. Let us have your order at once, stating just when you want the Potatoes shipped. Upon arrival, if they are not satisfactory in every way and fully up to the above description, return them to us by first train and we will refund your money and pay the freight both ways. It is up to you; you must be satisfied or the Potatoes are ours and you get your money back."

These claims, made two years ago, have been more than fulfilled. We have shipped over 5,000 barrels to customers in a score of states, and **not a single man asked for his money back**. The crops made by our own growers are so heavy that we can make the following extremely low prices on Dibble's Russets for this season: Barrel, \$4; 4 barrels (enough to plant an acre), \$15; 10 barrels, \$35. At these low prices, every farmer who reads this Catalog can afford to order them. If you are not satisfied on arrival, send them back first freight and get your money back. Read the testimonials on the following pages:



Dibble's Russet—a typical tuber

YIELDS OF RUSSETS IN A DRY SEASON

Note the Comparisons

The Russets withstood the dry season; we had no rainfall during June, July and first week in August. They grew strong, healthy vines and did not suffer from blight. They yielded us two-thirds more than other varieties planted under similar conditions.—J. W. WALDORF, Jefferson County, N. Y., November 23, 1913.

The Russets I had from you did better than any other kind, and yielded about 100 barrels per acre.—LEROY SMITH, Westchester County, N. Y., November 17, 1913.

The Russets yielded 180 bushels per acre, the Green Mountains, under the same conditions, 130 bushels; but its best characteristic, after its good-yielding properties, is its wonderful smoothness and uniformity in size—practically every Potato salable.—H. C. WARD, Richmond, Va.

The Russets yielded 150 bushels per acre; other varieties in the same field, under same conditions, yielded about 100 bushels.—A. R. FURMAN, Potter County, Pa.

We had a three-months drought here, Potato crop light; Russets yielded one-third more than Green Mountains.—CHAS. A. STILSON, Hampden County, Mass.

The Russets yielded at the rate of 250 bushels per acre, nearly one-third more than other varieties; eating quality first-class.—MALCOLM DOGSTATER, Herkimer County, N. Y.

I had six varieties in the same field, and the Russet made the best yield of all. E. T. WALKER, Butler Co., Pa.

The Russets yielded 170 bushels per acre with no commercial fertilizer, other varieties 110 bushels, with 800 lbs. of fertilizer to the acre.—C. H. GORMAN, Delaware County, Pa.

From the three barrels of Russets purchased from you, I planted three-fourths of an acre, and harvested 240 bushels of the finest Potatoes I ever saw. Other kinds yielded three-fifths as much in the same field.—MARCUS H. BURR, Fairfield County, Conn., November 4, 1913.

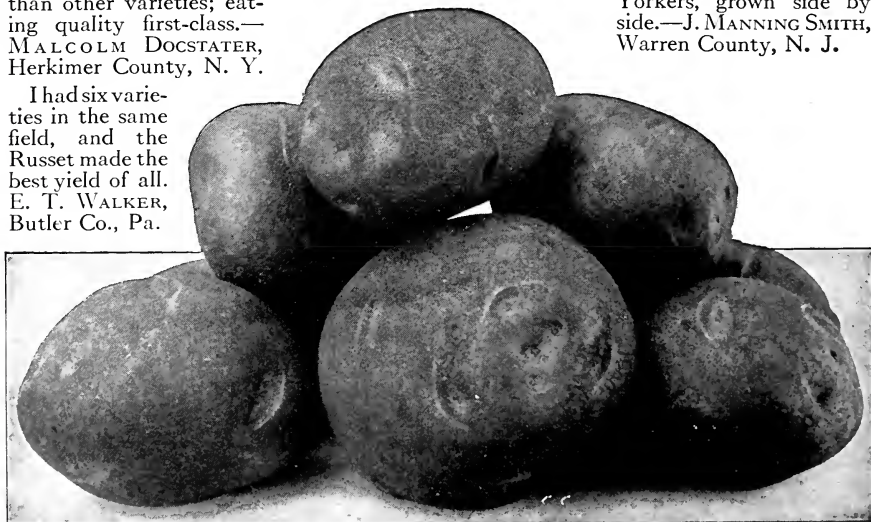
We think the Russet is going to be the most popular Potato of the American farm. For us they yielded one-third better than Carmans, planted side by side.—MOBBERLY BROS., Portage County, Ohio, November 3, 1913.

Russets yielded one-third more than my other main-crop varieties; no blight.—L. E. HILBURN, Steuben County, N. Y.

I had five barrels of Russets, planted one acre, and raised 240 bushels. Pan-Americans and Sir Walter Raleighs yielded 160 bushels.—W. W. INSCHO, Tioga County, Pa., November 1, 1913.

The Russets were free from blight, and gave a yield of 60 barrels per acre. They outyielded a variety obtained from another seedsman 40 per cent in the same field.—ALFRED KOON, Rensselaer County, N. Y.

The Russets yielded one-third more than Sir Walter Raleighs and Rural New Yorkers, grown side by side.—J. MANNING SMITH, Warren County, N. J.



Dibble's Russet has no equal for yield or quality



The Russet is THE BEST Potato

SCORES OF OUR CUSTOMERS REPORT THE RUSSETS OUTYIELD OTHERS 2 TO 1 AND SOME 3 TO 1

The Russet Potatoes yielded twice as much as any other kind; tops stayed green and were free from blight.—HOMER KEELER, Berkshire County, Mass.

The Russets grew big, rank vines, free from blight, and yielded a little better than three bushels to one of other varieties, with the same care and fertilization.—H. R. BENNETT, Niagara County, N. Y.

Planted Dibble's Russets in a field with Green Mountains, and they yielded nearly twice as well.—W. B. BULLARD, Norfolk County, Mass.

I planted the Russets in a field with two other varieties, under the same conditions, and the Russets yielded over twice as many as the other kinds.—PHILIP REINER, JR., Wyoming County, N. Y.

The Russets did well under unfavorable conditions, or about double the Sir Walter Raleighs in the same field.—J. A. DODGE, Preston County, W. Va.

From a barrel of Russets planted, I dug 57 bushels of fine, large Potatoes. These Potatoes, planted side by side with home-grown seed, yielded better than two to one. From this time on, I am strong for your seeds.—C. H. BELDING, East Chatham, N. Y.

The Russets gave a yield of more than double that of Green Mountains next to them; no blight; eating quality as fine as I ever saw.—P. C. BURDICK, Middlesex County, Conn.

The Russet Potatoes yielded over 250 bushels per acre, very few small ones. Raleighs next to them did not yield half as much.—H. A. ANDREWS, Hartford, County, Conn.

The Russet Potatoes were all right, they doubled the yield, side by side, of Carmans and State of Maine.—L. E. HALL, Washington County, N. Y.

The yield from the Russet Potatoes was more than three times that of the Rose and Alexander, planted on same ground and under same conditions.—A. L. SMITH, York County, Maine.

The Russets grew a remarkable vine, free from blight, and gave me 100 bushels from about one-half an acre; another variety in the same field yielded only half as much.—HARRY HASBROUCK, Orange County, N. Y.

The Russet gave double the yield of two other varieties in the same field. Eating quality A1.—DR. GEO. B. HYDE, Rockingham County, N. H.

THE RUSSET IS THE HANDSOMEST AND BEST POTATO EVER RAISED ON THE DIBBLE FARMS

**We Do Not Ask You to Take Our Word for It
Read What Our Customers, Who Are Unprejudiced, Say**

The Russets were certainly fine specimens in every way. All of the Potatoes I have ever purchased of you could not be excelled.—**OLIVER SUMMERS**, Allegheny County, Pa.

The Russets did extremely well for the season, which was very dry; best yielder of several varieties, yielded at the rate of 200 bushels per acre.—**H. C. SHEARS**, Dutchess County, N. Y.

The Russet Potatoes did splendidly, absolutely free from blight, wonderfully heavy vine, foliage $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 feet when held up. Yield was better than 300 bushels per acre, the finest cookers I have seen in my life; its name should be "All Profit."—**RICHARD WAGONER**, Fairfield County, Conn.

The yield from the Russets was the largest of all my crop. I told people if a man paid \$10 per barrel for his seed, he would make money the first season.—**FRED HALLOCK**, Sullivan County, N. Y.

The Russets were the finest Potatoes I have had for years, and got first premium at the Somerset Fair.—**LEVAN ASH**, Friedens, Pa., November 20, 1913.

The Russet grew a strong vine and free from blight, yielded 160 bushels of sorted Potatoes. Other Potatoes in the same field, with same treatment, yielded 80 bushels less per acre.—**W. T. STREETER**, Greene County, N. Y., November 4, 1913.

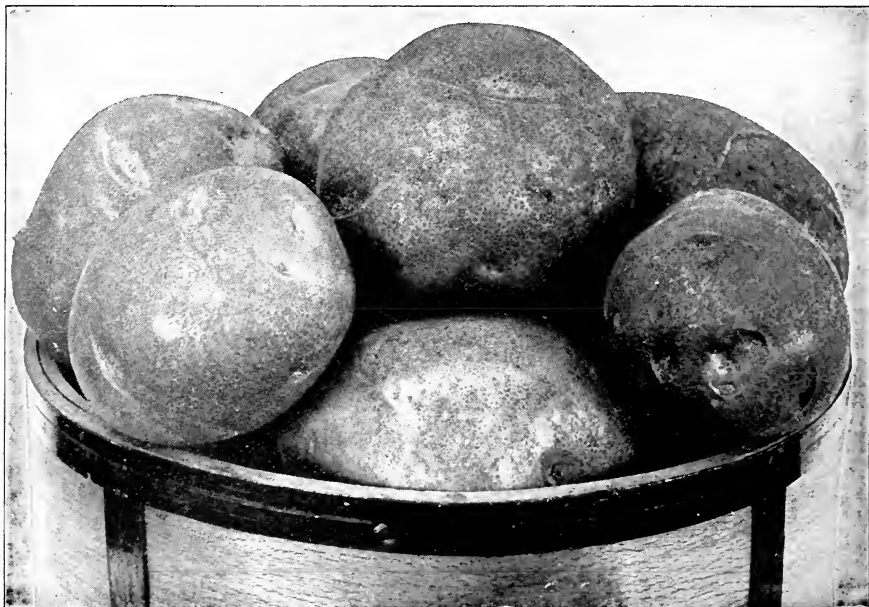
I had 39 bushels of Russets from the seed bought of you. If I had planted all your seed, would have had 400 bushels instead of a crop of 200 bushels this year.—**A. T. MANOR**, Chittenden County, Vt., November 7, 1913.

I raised 90 bushels of Russets from the barrel of seed on one-fourth of an acre.—**D. PRAY**, Dutchess County, N. Y.

The Russets yielded 300 bushels per acre. Eating quality good; the yield was better than the other varieties.—**J. F. POTTER**, Clearfield County, Pa.

The Russets stood the drought best of any kinds I had, and gave a yield of 250 bushels per acre. The Manistee did well—gave about the same yield.—**CHAS. W. HULL, JR.**, Hampden County, Mass.

The Russets did very well; raised 75 bushels from the barrel planted.—**J. W. RUSH**, Reimersburg, Pa.



Dibble's Russet Potatoes outyield all others

PLANT DIBBLE'S RUSSETS

The seed will cost you nothing, if they yield for you as they have done for others, and what they have done for others they should do for you. The evidence is conclusive that Dibble's Russets not only outyield other varieties planted alongside, but the testimonials show that the foliage is healthy and free from blight, and some customers say free from bugs as well. In addition, the Russet produces the handsomest tubers of any variety grown, and the eating quality is of the best. You should grow Russets on your farm, and if you are not entirely satisfied when the seed reaches you, remember, return it at once and get your money back, and we will pay the freight both ways. It is up to you.

The Russets grew a strong vine, completely covering the rows, foliage very free from blight and bugs, but neighboring patches on fields 300 yards away were totally destroyed by bugs, while mine were practically untouched. The yield was about 300 bushels per acre.—J. B. BYERS, Westmoreland County, Pa.

The Russets grew a strong, vigorous vine, free from blight, and gave the largest yield of several varieties planted.—V. G. WINANS, Dutchess County, N. Y.

The Russets did finely; grew a strong vine, free from bugs and blight. I got about 200 bushels to the acre, 50 bushels more than from my other Potatoes.—JOHN S. STARK, York County, Pa., November 21, 1913.

I had a very large yield of splendid Potatoes from the Russets I had of you last spring. A little later, I will duplicate my order of last spring.—WM. H. DANIELS, St. Lawrence County, N. Y.

The Russets grew a very strong vine, free from blight, and yielded 200 bushels or more per acre.—CHAS. O. OSWALD, Lehigh County, Pa.

The Russets were not affected by blight, and yielded about 250 bushels per acre. Green Mountains in the same field were not in it with the Russets.—WILLIAM TORPEY, JR., Delaware County, N. Y.

The yield from the Russets was about 200 bushels to the acre; they grew on a limestone soil, without fertilizer, and on a timothy sod.—JOHN H. BRUMBAUGH, Blair County, Pa., November 11, 1913.

The Russets were not affected by blight; quality good; yield, 200 bushels per acre.—J. O. FOSTER, Champaign County, Ohio, November 4, 1913.

The Dibble's Russet yielded 383 bushels from one and one-half acres, and one and one-half acres of Thousand-Dollar Potatoes on the other side yielded 242 bushels. They are A1 cookers.—I. C. BENSCOTER, Luzerne County, Pa.

The Russets gave a good stand, most vigorous vines, and yielded about 200 bushels per acre.—S. H. BOWEN, Kirkville, N. Y., November 4, 1913.

The Russets did much the best; did not blight and yielded around 250 bushels per acre. Russets by far the best I had. No blight, no bugs and no rot. Fine size and shape.—SEYMOUR CLARK, Kings County, N. Y.

The Russet Potato grew a good, strong vine, the foliage was free from blight. The yield was 250 bushels per acre; other varieties in the same field yielded only 150 bushels per acre. Eating quality fine.—B. J. GEIGER, Lehigh County, Pa.





Some Seedsmen Are Prone to Exaggerate

BUT WE GIVE, TO THE BEST OF OUR ABILITY
AND BELIEF, ACCURATE AND CORRECT
DESCRIPTIONS OF THE SEEDS THAT WE SELL

Yielded 450 Bushels

One of my neighbors raised from one barrel of your Irish Cobblers last season 90 bushels of good Potatoes. My own yielded 450 bushels of merchantable Cobblers from the ten barrels planted.—HOWARD C. PARK, Cashier, Central National Bank of Columbus, Ohio.

I had a fine crop of Potatoes this year; have had Crown Jewels go 250 bushels and better to the acre.—P. J. CATO, Chautauqua County, N. Y., November 5, 1913.

The seed Potatoes I had from you last spring yielded 350 bushels per acre of good Potatoes.—CHAS. O. EVERELL, Schuylkill County, Pa.

From the Publishers of Country Life in America

The Cobblers from you were the earliest we had; the Beauty of Hebron produced the largest crop. Prices obtained ran from \$4.50 to \$2.50 per barrel, an average of \$3.50 per barrel for the crop. Should we plant Potatoes another year, shall use your seed.

Potatoes did not blight.

*Doubleday, Page & Company
Garden City
Long Island, N. Y.*

Only Good Crop in Our Town

I bought three barrels of New Queen Potatoes from you last year, and had the only good crop in our town.—W. K. CROSBY, Greene County, N. Y.

Cobblers are well adapted to our soil; yield was about 200 bushels per acre.—A. T. LARSON, McKean County, Pa., October 31, 1913.

The Potatoes I bought from you last year yielded about twice as much as my own seed planted in the same field.—G. H. WHITESSELL, Laneville, W. Va.

Cobblers did well—72 bushels from each barrel of seed.—H. K. RIDDLE, Franklin County, Ohio, November 8, 1913.

The yield from your seed was 1,130 bushels from four and one-half acres; no blight.—C. L. TAPPAN, Babylon, N. Y.

The Potatoes grew to perfection without any blight. The four barrels bought of you were planted on one acre of ground and yielded 320 bushels.—J. W. F. COPENHEAVER, York County, Pa.

The Potatoes I received from you last spring did well, yielding about 200 bushels per acre. My home-grown seed yielded about 50 bushels.—S. A. GLOVER, Lycoming County, Pa.

The Seed Potatoes received from you last spring have proved all right; the yield is almost double that from home-grown seed.—J. A. SHUEY, New Cumberland, Pa.

IN THE HANDS OF OUR CUSTOMERS, DIBBLE'S SEEDS MAKE GOOD

Some Very Desirable White- and Pink-Skinned Early Potatoes

DIBBLE'S IRISH COBBLERS

PEDIGREE STOCK

The Irish Cobbler is the best extra-early white Potato now grown. The tubers are uniformly smooth, round, plump and handsome, creamy white, eyes strong and well developed. The flesh is white and of splendid quality. Our stock, consisting of about 21,000 bushels, is strictly choice; of medium size, bright and clean, and is from personally inspected fields. It is difficult to obtain strictly pure Cobblers, but, to the best of our knowledge and belief, Dibble's Irish Cobblers are freer from admixture than can be obtained elsewhere in this country. In fact, our stock is in every way the choicest lot of Cobblers we have ever seen.

EARLY BOVEE

Henderson's Early Bovee, pronounced by the introducers, Peter Henderson & Co., the earliest Potato of all.

EARLY HEBRON

Standard old sort, with pink-and-white skin.

EARLY PURITAN

We have a few hundred barrels of this old standard early white Potato. It is oblong in shape, slightly flattened, with shallow eyes and flesh of most excellent quality.

CROWN JEWEL

An early Potato, resembling Early Bovee and Burpee's Extra-Early.

NEW QUEEN

A fine large-sized Potato, resembling the Hebron in shape and color.

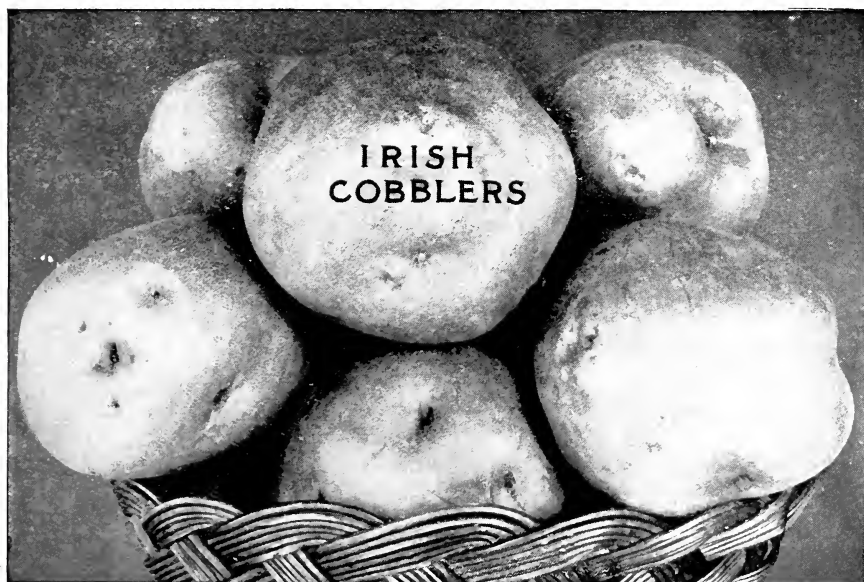
BURPEE'S EXTRA-EARLY

The tubers are of good size, oblong in form, very smooth, and pinkish white in color.

RED RIVER EARLY OHIO

The well-known standby for thousands of market-gardeners who desire a first-early Potato for home trade. The Early Ohio is round to oblong in shape, extremely early, and very desirable.

FOR PRICE-LIST OF POTATOES, SEE PAGE 14





Early Manistee Potatoes. A splendid early variety

THE ROSE TYPE OF POTATOES

Yield as of old, when planted on the right kind of soil, if you plant Dibble's stock, every bushel of which is grown north of the latitude of Ottawa and is full of vigor.

All the varieties of Potatoes from you did well; the Early Manistees lead them all in every way, in fact they are the best I ever grew, both for quality and quantity.—HART B. NOLL, Ellicott City, Md.

The Early Roses were fine; raised seventy bushels from each barrel planted.—W. D. EMPIE, Schoharie County, N. Y.

I find the Manistee the best yielder for me; they averaged about 200 bushels per acre. No blight.—H. W. BLINN, Beaver County, Pa., November 5, 1913.

The Early Rose I had from you were very satisfactory in every respect; no blight or disease of any kind, and yielded about 200 bushels per acre.—G. E. REED, Carmel, N. Y.

Your Early Manistee did very well; yield about 250 bushels per acre.—NEWTON SMITH, South Hadley Falls, Mass.

Laurenz Greene, Experimentalist of the Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station, Ames, Iowa, wrote to an Iowa farmer who wished to purchase some genuine Early Rose, in a letter dated March 25, 1911, "I would refer you to the E. F. Dibble Company, Honeoye Falls, N. Y., from whom we got our seed last year. The government experts pronounce their seed to be true to name. If you will write the Dibble Company, I believe you will get genuine seed."

The Manistee Potatoes yielded at the rate of 422 bushels per acre.—W. T. MACOUN, Horticulturist, Central Experiment Farm, Ottawa, Dominion of Canada.

The seed Potatoes yielded approximately 200 bushels per acre; weather very dry and unfavorable for a test.—CONYERS FARM, Fairfield County, Conn.

The Manistees yielded 109 bushels from five-sixteenths of an acre, planted 32 inches apart. You could not tell there were any rows at all, there was such a mass of tops. They excited the admiration of all those who saw them; this would be a yield of 345 bushels per acre.—H. A. DOOLITTLE, Kent, Ohio.

I purchased some Early Rose Potatoes from you this spring, and have the best Potatoes and most thrifty-looking patch I ever had, and I am getting from \$2.40 to \$3 per bushel for them.—F. C. BEALS, Hamilton, Ohio.

The seed Potatoes all did splendidly. I think your seed is absolutely first-class.—MRS. M. W. KRAUS, Stamford, Conn.

The Manistees are good yielders, and so far have proved to be blight- and rust-proof. Yield of first crop over 100 barrels per acre, and the second crop, grown on the same field, planted July 28, yielded at least 50 barrels per acre.—H. R. NOTTINGHAM, Eastville, Va.



The Best Early Potatoes of the Rose Type

DIBBLE'S EARLY MANISTEE

The Manistee is a seedling of the Rose, round to oblong in shape, slightly flattened, skin light pink, eyes near the surface, flesh pure white and table quality that is hard to beat. Vines are luxuriant in growth and have never blighted with us here in western New York. On the Eden Trial-Gounds, the Manistee yielded 380 bushels per acre, and Mr. Lawrence, the proprietor, pronounced it "the best early or intermediate, both for production and quality."

EARLY NORTHER

Introduced by one of the leading growers in northern Maine, a few years ago, as a seedling of the old Early Rose, with the additional claim that it is a week earlier and more prolific.

CLARK'S NO. 1

It bears a close resemblance to Early Rose in appearance. It cooks mealy, and is, in every way, a capital variety for either the farmer or market-gardener.

EARLY FORTUNE

A most desirable variety. In form and color it resembles the Early Rose, but in quality it surpasses it.

EARLY ROSE

The genuine Early Rose, the old standard sort among the early red varieties. We have the genuine stock of this variety, grown on virgin soil.

HOULTON ROSE

Houlton Rose is an improved strain of the genuine old Early Rose.

QUICK-CROP

Is an exceedingly handsome Potato of the light-colored Rose type, and a very rapid grower.

EARLY THOROUGHbred

This is a new variety of the Rose family, and is claimed to have many points of excellence.

BLISS TRIUMPH

An extra-early, round, red Potato, with white flesh. Considered by many as most desirable for first-early in the garden.

EARLY SIX WEEKS

A Potato of the Ohio class, but with a redder skin. Introduced by a western seedsmen a few years ago, as the "earliest Potato in the world."

DIBBLE'S SEED POTATOES

A money-making mint for the large commercial growers. We sell car-lots to scores of customers annually. Long before this catalog was written, we had orders for thousands of barrels on our books, one for 2,000 barrels from an old customer who has been with us every year since 1895. Whether you order one barrel or one thousand, your order will have the same careful attention.

On my Potato farm near Mercersburg I shall have more than 6,000 bushels of Potatoes this fall.—WILLIAM MANN IRVINE, Ph.D., LL.D., Headmaster, Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg, Pa., September 1, 1913. (Dr. Irvine had been a customer of ours for years.)

Notwithstanding the unprecedented dry season, the crop from your seed Potatoes was the finest I have had in twenty years. A barrel of Green Mountains purchased of a local seedsman, planted alongside, did not yield half so well.—GEORGE T. BREWSTER, Schenectady County, N. Y.

Kindly give price for seed Potatoes in car-lots for spring delivery. I have purchased several cars from you in past years and have always found them satisfactory.—FRED C. ROSENTHAL, Huntington, N. Y.

The Gold Coin Potatoes arrived in first-class condition, and are far superior in quality to anything in this line that local dealers are offering at almost double the price.—C. C. DOOLEY, Westchester County, N. Y.

Enclosed find order for Potatoes and check for same. Last year we planted your Money-Maker on three-fourths of an acre, and I sold 325 bushels by weight.—C. M. HATHAWAY, Peru, Mass.

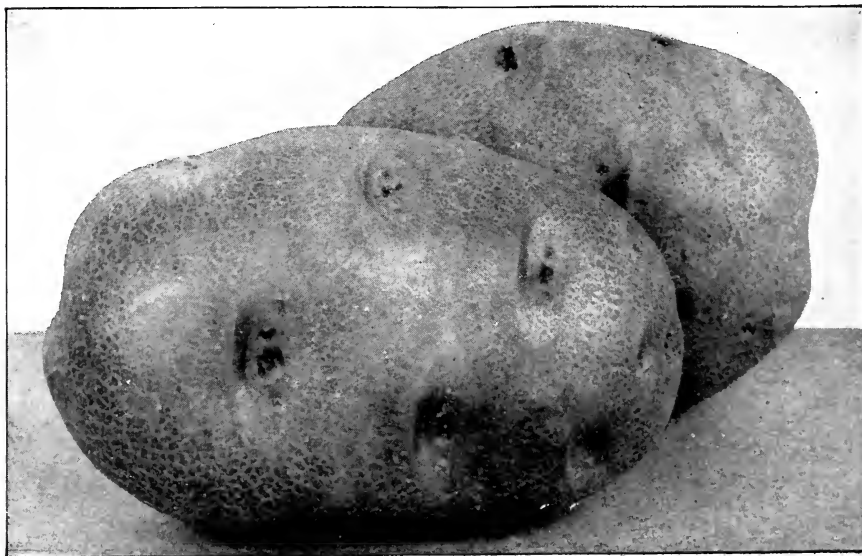
The Potatoes raised from your seed this year were the best in this section, and the best I have ever raised on this farm.—J. W. GALLOP, Manager Ellerslie Stock Farm, Dutchess County, N. Y. (Owned by Gov. Levi P. Morton.)

We have received the car of Potatoes, and wish to say for your satisfaction that it is the nicest shipment of Potatoes we have ever received.—GEORGE L. WEAVER, Steward, State Institution for Feeble Minded, Polk, Venango County, Pa.

The season was extraordinarily dry, but I had one of the best crops of Potatoes I ever had in my life; they were not troubled with blight, while my neighbors' potatoes were a failure. I recommend you to everybody.—CHAS. W. CASWELL, Limerick, N. Y., November 1, 1913.

The yield from eight and one-half acres of Coins, Yorkers, Raleighs and Russets was 2,725 bushels, the new Russet out-yielding all others.—H. M. SHAEFER, Bucks County, Pa., November 10, 1913.

We are very much pleased with the Potatoes we have received from you this spring, and the promptness with which you have filled our order.—JOHN R. DAYTON, Purchasing Agent, North Side Farmers' Club, Port Jefferson, N. Y.



Dibble's Standard White Main-Crop Potatoes

SIR WALTER RALEIGH

The Sir Walter Raleigh is the best of the late Mr. Carman's introductions. The tubers are round to oblong in shape and very uniform as to size.

For heavy land or soil that is not naturally adapted to Potato-culture, the Raleighs, Carmans or Rurals, are sure to give the best results.

CARMEN NO. 3

Another large, round, white, main-crop Potato; an immense yielder of large Potatoes.

DIBBLE'S MONEY-MAKER

Dibble's Money-Maker is the handsomest and most productive long, white Potato ever introduced.

RURAL NEW YORKER NO. 2

A standard, late, round, white variety.

GREEN MOUNTAIN

The Green Mountain is a fair, white-skinned Potato; very smooth and handsome.

STATE OF MAINE

A standard, large, late variety resembling the Green Mountain in many respects.

IONA SEEDLING

A good, first-class, round, white Potato, introduced by us several years ago; intermediate in point of ripening.

GOLD COIN

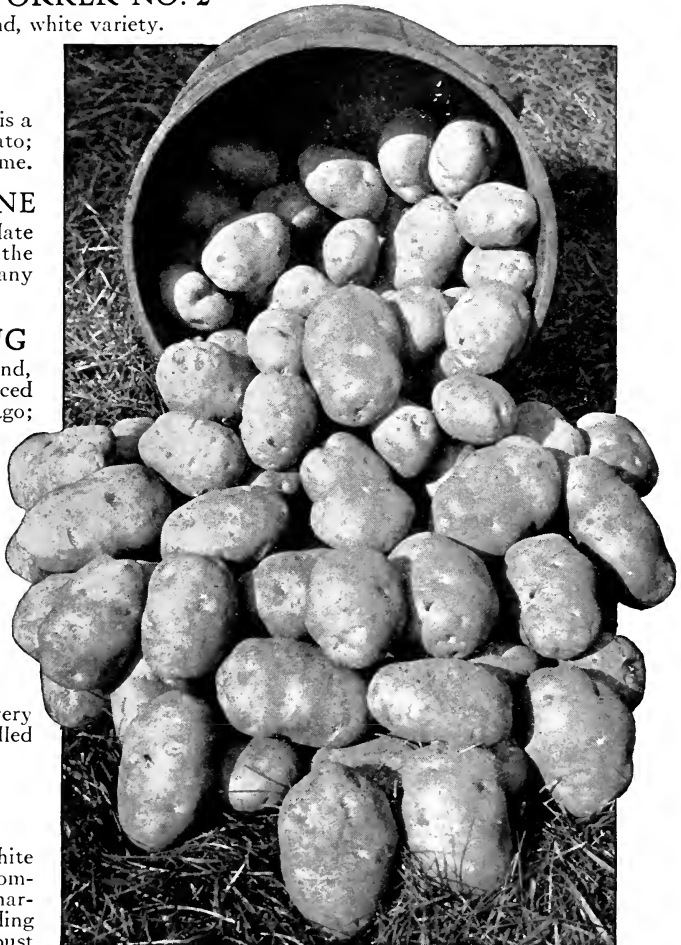
A late, round, white Potato, introduced by Burpee several years ago, that we have found to be very desirable.

IRISH UP-TO-DATE

The Up-to-Date is very late and grows until killed by frost; good yielder.

TWENTIETH CENTURY

An extremely late white Potato that has to recommend it the following characteristics: Good yielding qualities and strong, robust foliage.



Green Mountain Potatoes

1914 PRICE-LIST OF SEED POTATOES

It is a well-known fact that Seed Potatoes from northern latitudes possess more vitality, and produce larger crops wherever planted, than those from southern sources.

Besides growing annually thousands of bushels on our 1,600-acre farms here, thousands of bushels come to us from growing stations hundreds of miles farther north, in the latitudes of Quebec, Ottawa, Montreal and St. Paul; therefore, in purchasing our Seed Potatoes, our friends may be assured of getting genuine northern-grown seed from carefully selected stocks, and each variety grown on soil and under certain conditions peculiarly adapted to the best and most perfect development of the variety.

Our warehouses, 400 feet in length, have a capacity of 75,000 bushels, and are absolutely frost-proof.

We are headquarters for Seed Potatoes and respectfully solicit your orders, promising all a square deal as per the terms of our guarantee.

We advise all of our customers to include Dibble's Russet in their orders.

The Potato crop is around 100,000,000 bushels short. Order early.

Quotations are made for immediate acceptance, subject to change without notice, as the markets advance, and to confirmation on receipt of order. **New double-headed barrels and sacks free.** Make out your order today and send it to us. We will hold the stock for you till safe to ship, or as you may direct.

	Per bbl.	10 bbls. per bbl.
1. Dibble's Russet. New; late; round, white. Best for main crop.	\$4 00	\$3 50
2. Irish Cobbler. Round, white; very early. Best of all earlies.	3 50	3 25
3. Early Puritan. Early; oblong to long, white; shallow eyes.	3 50	3 25
4. Early Ohio. Standard extra-early sort.	4 00	3 75
5. Earliest Six Weeks. Earliest of all.	4 00	3 75
6. Bliss Triumph. Extra early; round, red; white flesh.	3 50	3 25
7. Dibble's Manistee. New; best cropper.	3 50	3 25
8. Burpee's Extra-Early. Good first-early sort.	3 50	3 25
9. Henderson's Early Bovee. Early; of the Hebron type.	3 50	3 25
10. Crown Jewel. First-early; of the Hebron type.	3 50	3 25
11. Northern Beauty. Early; red; good yielder.	3 50	3 25
12. Quick Crop. New; early; rapid grower.	3 50	3 25
13. Early Thoroughbred. Early; Rose type.	3 50	3 25
14. New Queen. Desirable early; of the Hebron type.	3 50	3 25
15. Early Northern. Choice early; Rose type.	3 50	3 25
16. Early Hebron. Early; pink-and-white skin.	3 50	3 25
17. Clark's No. 1. Good early Rose sort.	3 50	3 25
18. Early Fortune. Early; good Potato; Rose-color.	3 50	3 25
19. Houlton Rose. Improved strain of Early Rose.	3 50	3 25
20. Old Early Rose. Standard sort; very reliable.	3 50	3 25
21. Dibble's Iona Seedling. Good main crop.	3 50	3 25
22. Dibble's Money-maker. Long; late; white.	3 50	3 25
23. Dibble's Twentieth Century. Late; white.	3 50	3 25
24. State of Maine. Standard oblong; white.	3 50	3 25
25. Green Mountain. Round to oblong; white.	3 50	3 25
26. Delaware. Late; white; round to oblong.	3 50	3 25
27. American Giant. Long; white; good yielder.	3 50	3 25
28. Up-to-Date. Very late; round, white.	3 50	3 25
29. Sir Walter Raleigh. Late; round, white.	3 25	3 00
30. Carman No. 3. Late; round, white.	3 25	3 00
31. Rural New Yorker. Standard; round, white.	3 25	3 00
32. Gold Coin. Late; round, white.	3 25	3 00

If ordered in sacks, 25 cts. less per package on all varieties. Special prices on car-lots delivered to your station.

A Last Word on the Potato Situation

Two years ago, in this very space, we stated that the Potato crop was bringing more money to the farmers than ever before, and that the best authorities predicted that common eating Potatoes would bring \$1.50 per bushel before the season closed. The prediction was realized, and the farmers of the United States sold thousands of bushels at that price and more. The crop of 1913 is around 100,000,000 bushels short, and but little larger than that of two years ago. The prices made on this page are low, because we have the stocks actually in store, and are satisfied with small profits. As our stocks become exhausted, and we have to replenish at high prices, we shall be compelled to raise our quotations; therefore **buy now and save money.**

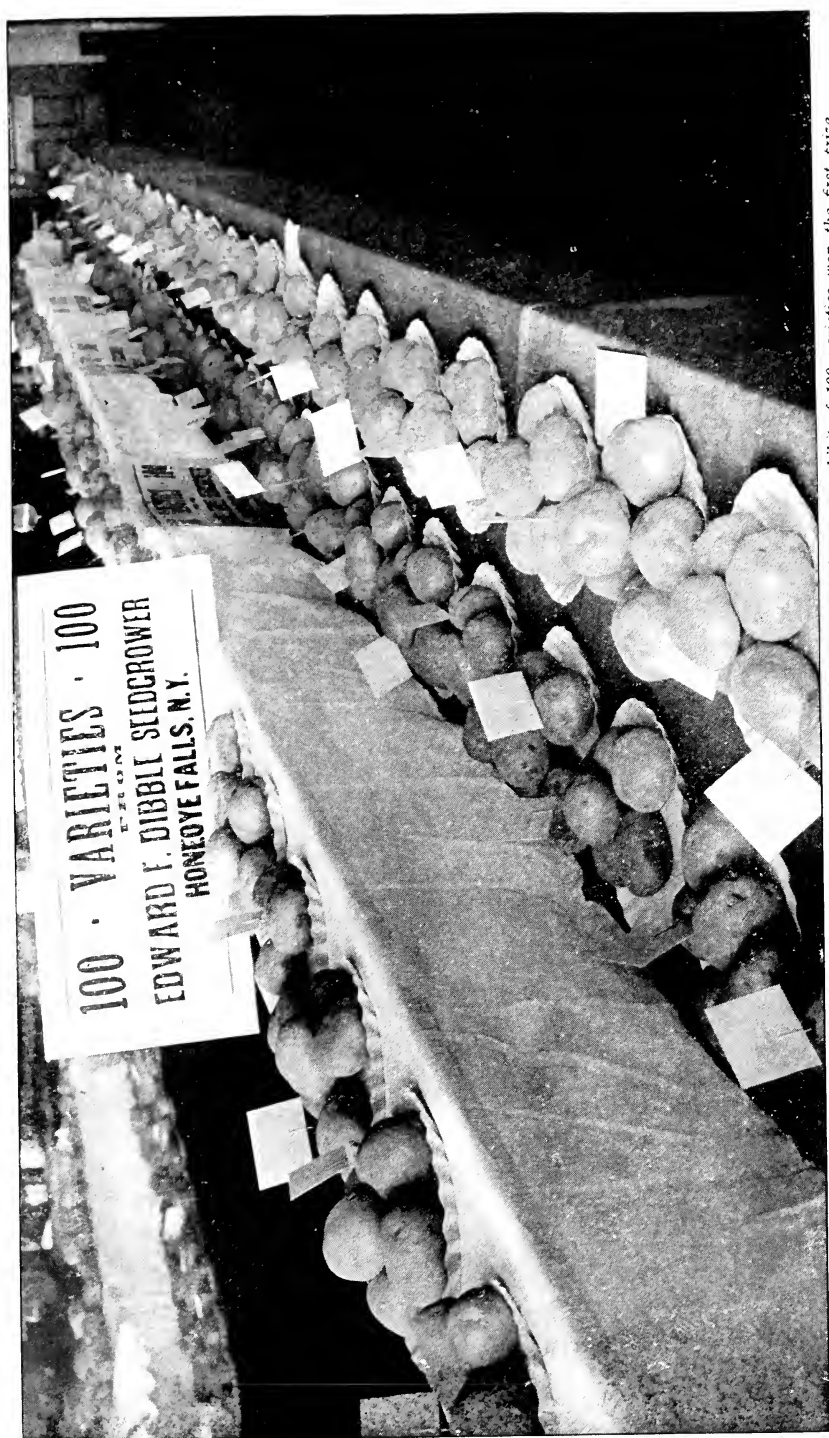
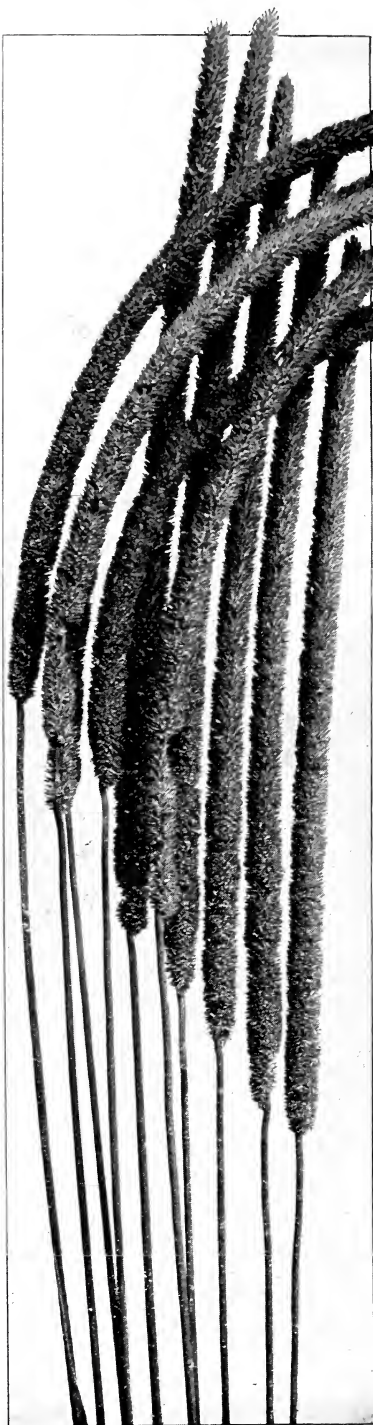


Exhibit of Edward F. Dibble Seedgrower, at the great Cornell University Potato Show, where our exhibit of 100 varieties won the first prize



NO WONDER OUR D. B. BRAND TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED PLEASES OUR CUSTOMERS

It is the Highest Grade Obtainable. The Cream of the Crop. The Best is None too Good for the American Farmer

The D. B. Brand Clover and Timothy seed purchased of you last spring was entirely satisfactory as to purity, and I think every seed grew; the ground is covered with a perfect mat.—W. S. REYNOLDS, Divine Corners, N. Y.

I sent samples of your Clover and Timothy seed I bought from you to the United States Department of Agriculture, and they reported that they were as good samples as could be obtained, both for purity and germination.—R. I. RICHMOND, Mansfield, Pa.

Your D. B. Brand Clover and Timothy seed is the finest I ever saw.—J. BURDICK, Billings, N. Y., November 8, 1913.

The Clover and Timothy seed I bought of you have proved very satisfactory in every way as to purity and germination.—W. C. RENNELLS, Coudersport, Pa., November 12, 1913.

The D. B. Brand Clover and Timothy seed was very satisfactory; it was clean, and every seed seemed to grow.—A. P. RINGROSE, Oriskany, N. Y.

I sent samples of your Clover, Timothy and Alfalfa to Washington. I found the Timothy practically perfect, the Alfalfa good, quick germination, free from dodder, and the Clover as good as any I ever got hold of.—P. H. MEAD, Silver Creek, N. Y.

The Clover and Timothy seed from you last spring has proved satisfactory in every respect.—A. H. JORDAN, Driftwood, Pa., October 31, 1913.

The Grass and Clover seed I bought of you last spring were splendid in every way.—PHILIP CREWEL, Mohawk, N. Y., November 2, 1913.

The fourteen bushels of Clover seed bought from you we found to be first-class in all respects; impossible to get a cleaner or better seedling than these seeds give.—HUDSONDALE OCHRE WORKS (J. R. Smith, Superintendent), Weatherly, Pa.

The seed I bought from you was as good as any I ever bought. I saved \$2 on a bushel by getting it from you. I think there is none better.—GEORGE W. FARGO, Randolph, Vt.



Clover and Grass Seed, 1913 Crop

D. B. BRAND 99.50 PER CENT PURE, OR BETTER. THE PUREST AND BEST MONEY CAN BUY

Our D. B. Brand, which means Dibble's Best Clover and Timothy, is carefully selected, thoroughly re-cleaned and graded by the best mills known to the trade, and we have had numerous samples tested that were pronounced practically pure.

The New York State Pure Seed Law provides that Clover and Grass Seed must have a purity test of 97 per cent, or each bag must be marked showing the impurities. This, in the case of Alsike, would permit of about 1,300,000 weed seeds per bushel; in the case of Timothy, over 1,500,000, and in Alfalfa, Medium and Mammoth Clovers, 450,000. Now, in our opinion, no farmer can afford to sow as low-grade seeds as 97 per cent, even if they are given to him.

New York State uses D. B. Timothy and Clover on Cornell University Farms.

Our D. B. Brand Clover and Timothy seed is purchased by us on a positive analysis that it is 99.50 per cent pure, or better. Every lot of seed is tested in our own seed-testing department, and we sell it to you subject to your test, the test of your State Experiment Station or that of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Keep our seed ten days after arrival, test it as you wish, and, if you are not convinced that it is as good as we say it is, return it at once; we will refund your money and pay the freight both ways.

We use reasonable care in packing and sending out our Clover and Timothy seed; but, as so many circumstances may arise after they leave our possession over which we have no control, such as too wet or too dry, too hot or too cold weather, too deep or too shallow planting, etc., we therefore do not guarantee, nor will we be responsible for, the crop grown from any of our seeds. Send for samples.

Special price-list issued weekly during the season

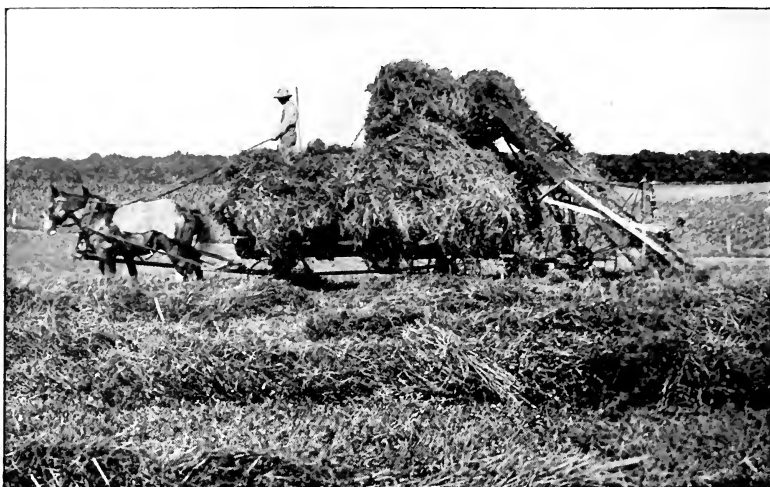
RED MEDIUM CLOVER. The common Red Clover largely grown throughout the country.

MAMMOTH SAPLING CLOVER. Compared with the common Red Clover, its flower, foliage and stems are of darker color, and later.

ALSIKE. The hardiest of all Clovers; perennial. On rich, moist soils it yields enormous crops. Its greatest value is for sowing with other Clovers and Grasses.

TIMOTHY. This is the most valuable of all the Grasses for hay, especially in the North.

Full stocks, choicest grade only, of Orchard Grass, Kentucky Blue Grass, Red-Top, Dwarf Essex Rape, Canada Field Peas, Winter Vetch, etc., constantly on hand.



Loading Alfalfa hay onto wagon with the Dain hay-loader

WE KNOW HOW TO GROW ALFALFA

Have nearly 100 acres on our own farms, and our average yield is from four to five tons per acre. Our customers, in using our D. B. northern-grown Alfalfa Seed, have the benefit of our many years of experience.

Send me sample and price on your Alfalfa seed; shall need 800 lbs. Had good success with the seed I bought of you last season; cut over 100 tons this summer from twenty-five acres.—WALTER STOOTS, Superintendent for J. Kessler, Westwood, N. J., October 6, 1913.

I am very glad to say that the Alfalfa seed I secured from you five years ago was an excellent sample. It proved 99½ per cent pure, and absolutely free from dodder and trefoil. We had that sample sown on some fifty acres, and all of it is still thrifty and a very good stand. I am very glad to express my satisfaction in regard to this and the other purchases I have made from you.—S. FRASER, Geneseo, N. Y.

The Alfalfa seed received from you last year and the year before I found very satisfactory for purity and high percentage of germination. I have the finest field of Alfalfa grown from the D. B. seed in these parts; it consists of nine acres, and is 18 inches high at this writing, the fourth growth for this season.—RICHARD LECHNER, Sheridan, Pa., October 31, 1913.

The D. B. Alfalfa seed I bought of you was very satisfactory; every seed grew.—P. F. THEOBALD, Gravity, Pa.

I have a fine stand of Alfalfa from your seed, we now have forty acres in Alfalfa. HAWLEY STOCK FARM, Batavia, N. Y., November 1, 1913.

The Alfalfa seed purchased from you was pronounced by the Experiment Station as practically free from weeds; germination good, and I have a first-class seeding from it.—S. PERCY HOOKER, Le Roy, N. Y.

For the seeding of Alfalfa with your seed would say it is the best stand it is possible to get.—P. D. MERTZ, Bethlehem, Pa.

We sowed the 500 pounds Alfalfa seed bought from you on the 20th of August, and we have an excellent seeding.—W. A. FITCH, Sanitarium Farm Mgr., Clifton Springs, N. Y.

The Alfalfa seed you sent me was a complete success in every way; every seed must have grown; a perfect seeding in spite of the dry summer.—HOWARD M. NEWMAN, Poland, N. Y.

Three acres seeded with your D. B. Alfalfa look fine. I think every seed grew. I had always had trouble to get a catch until I got your seed.—F. H. GAY, Marcellus, N. Y.

I have as nice a stand of Alfalfa as I could wish to have, and look to you for my seed in the spring.—JOHN KESSLER, Sanford, N. Y.

The Alfalfa seed that I had from you was clean and nice. Sample I sent to the Experiment Station proved the best of all the samples that I sent, and the stand of Alfalfa is excellent.—JOSEPH GEORGE, JR., Java Center, N. Y., November 21, 1911.



Northern-Grown Alfalfa Seed, 1913 Crop

**D. B. ALFALFA, 99.50 PER CENT PURE, OR BETTER
WE SELL BUT ONE GRADE—THE BEST OBTAINABLE**

Alfalfa is acknowledged to be the most wonderful and productive plant of the clover family. It will grow on any good corn or wheat land, or on any soil that will give a good catch of clover. Once established, it is very hardy, sinking its roots deeply after moisture and nourishment, and the severest drought or coldest weather will not kill it.

The plant grows about 3 feet high, can be cut three or four times each season, and produces an average of four to five tons of hay per acre, and the analysis shows one ton of well-cured Alfalfa to be worth practically the same as a ton of wheat bran.

Alfalfa is very high in protein, showing 21.19 per cent. Combined with corn fodder or ensilage, makes an ideal feed for milch cows, and as a feed for horses and hogs it can not be excelled.

A field well set to Alfalfa will last from ten to twenty years. We have nearly 100 acres on our own seed farms and find it very profitable. Besides feeding over a hundred head of cattle, we shall have at least 300 tons of hay to sell this year. If interested in baled hay in carload lots, write for delivered prices.

Our D. B. Brand Alfalfa seed is northern-grown, and is the best obtainable, regardless of price.

One lot of northern-grown Alfalfa seed that we have now shows 99.98 per cent pure; another, 99.85 per cent, and free from dodder and trefoil.

The D. B. Brand is so well known for purity that it is used by thousands of progressive farmers who insist upon having the best. Cornell University uses our D. B. Brand seeds on the college farms, and scores of farmers writing us pronounce our D. B. Alfalfa the best they ever saw.

Our D. B. Brand Alfalfa is purchased by us on a positive analysis that it is 99.50 per cent pure, or better. Every lot is tested in our seed-testing department. You run no risk in buying Alfalfa seed from us. Send for samples and special quotations. If you purchase, we sell you D. B. Alfalfa seed subject to your test, the test of your State Experiment Station or that of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Keep your seed ten days after arrival, test it as you wish, and, if you are not convinced that it is as good as we say it is, return it at once; we will refund your money and pay the freight both ways.

We use all reasonable care in packing and sending out our Alfalfa seed; but, as so many circumstances may arise after it leaves our possession over which we have no control, such as too wet or too dry, too hot or too cold weather, too deep or too shallow planting, etc., we therefore, do not guarantee, nor will we be responsible for, the crop grown from any of our seeds.

DIBBLE'S HEAVY-WEIGHT OATS

Have produced bumper crops even in the dry season of 1913. We offer the product of two fields that yielded 87 and 82 bushels respectively per acre, weighing 42 pounds per bushel, and this on dry land without the aid of irrigation. We commend them to you as the handsomest, heaviest, most desirable Oats for the American farm.

Between 75 and 78 Bushels Per Acre

The Heavy-weight Oats purchased from you yielded between 75 and 78 bushels per acre. Common Oats about a failure.—F. L. NETZEL, Cortland County, N. Y., October 27, 1913.

Yielded Twice the Amount of Other

The Heavy-weight Oats yielded just twice the amount of other kinds.—IRVIN FARBER, Stark County, Ohio., November 1, 1913.

Well Pleased With Them

The Heavy-weight Oats I bought of you yielded 67 bushel per acre, while common Oats yielded anywhere from 25 to 40. I am well pleased with them.—W. F. GIFFORD, Otsego County, N. Y.

Heavy Oats; Straw 4 Feet High

From the Heavy-weight Oats I had from you on three-fourths of an acre, 70 bushels by measure of 40-lb. Oats; straw 4 feet high.—THOS. W. ROGERS, Rutland County, Vt. [This would be equal to over 117 bushels per acre.]

Weighed 42 Pounds to the Bushel

We had 751 bushels from fourteen acres that weighed 42 lbs. to the bushel.—J. S. BERGH, Dutchess County, N. Y., October 30, 1913. [A yield of over 70 bushels per acre.]

The Handsomest of Oats

The Heavy-weight Oats yielded 670 bushels from twelve and one-half acres, weight 38 lbs. per bushel. They were the handsomest of Oats, and very clean from fowl seeds.—A. E. DOE, Kennebec County, Maine.

70 Bushels Per Acre

The Heavy-weight Oats were 4 feet 11 inches tall, and from the eight acres we had a yield of 70 bushels per acre.—H. A. GOTHAM, Oswego County, N. Y.

Yield Larger Than Common Variety

The Heavy-weight Oats yielded 44 bushels per acre; average yield of common Oats being nearly 20 bushels.—RICHARD WICK, W. Sunbury, Pa., October 27, 1913.

Threshed 120 Bushels Per Hour

The Heavy-weight Oats threshed at the rate of 120 bushels per hour. More than pleased with them. Our threshers said they were the best Oats they had ever threshed.—A. MERRITT, Albany County, N. Y., November 15, 1913.

Stood Up to Perfection

Heavy-weight Oats yielded on the average 42 bushels per acre, weighing 44 to 46 lbs. per bushel. They stood up to perfection.—G. H. FRESENIUS, Fairfield County, Conn.

Double Any Yield

I harvested 504 bushels of the finest Oats I ever raised. The threshers said it was about double any yield they had struck around here.—FRANK SOURA, Ulster County, N. Y.

Oats Were Fine

The Heavy-weight Oats were fine. Yielded 60 bushels per acre, and stood up well, while other Oats around here went from 20 to 40 bushels.—B. H. SACKETT, Yates County, N. Y.



Dibble's Heavy-Weight Oats are worth while

Dibble's Heavy-Weight Oats

40 TO 45 POUNDS TO THE BUSHEL

During the past few years we have had numerous inquiries from a number of our customers for Seed Oats with extra-heavy grain. During a trip of several thousand miles throughout the Northwest, two years ago, we became interested in a number of fields of Oats in one particular county that were a delight to the eye. The fields were very uniform in appearance, straw over 4 feet in height, with long, branching heads, filled with the largest, plumpest grains of Oats that have ever come to our notice. Grains were brilliant white in color, and we took such interest in these crops that, after harvest, we took pains to know just how they turned out, and found that the yield of these Oats ran from 70 to 100 bushels per acre, and the weight, re-cleaned, from 40 to 45 pounds. We made contracts for several thousand bushels of these Oats, and our customers report splendid results from having sown them. We have just 6,000 bushels of these splendid Heavy-weight Oats for this season's trade, one field producing over 1,000 bushels and giving an average yield of over 87 bushels per acre, weighing 42 lbs. per bushel; another, over 1,400 bushels, averaging 82 bushels per acre; therefore get your orders in early. The Oats from the 87-bushel-per-acre field weighed 43½ lbs. after re-cleaning, or 118 bushels by weight.

We guarantee our Seed Oats thoroughly re-cleaned by the best mills known to the trade, and in first-class condition for sowing. Keep our Seed Oats ten days, test them, and if not entirely satisfactory in every way, return them at once and get your money back.

We use all reasonable care in packing and sending out our Seed Oats; but, as so many circumstances may arise after they leave our possession over which we have no control, such as too wet or too dry, too hot or too cold weather, too deep or too shallow planting, etc., we therefore, do not guarantee, nor will we be responsible for, the crop grown from any of our seeds.

We put these Oats in bags holding 100 pounds net; this is three bushels four pounds by weight, and, owing to the extra-heavy weight of these Oats, not less than one bag should be sown to the acre.

Price per single bag of 100 lbs., \$3; 10 bushels, \$9; 100 bushels at 80 cts. per bushel. Bags and sacks free,



TWENTIETH CENTURY OATS CAN BE DEPENDED ON FOR SATISFACTORY CROPS—Read the Proof

From thirty acres of Twentieth Century Oats we produced about 60 bushels per acre, with a very large yield of straw; not a square rod was down in the field.—E. M. SHERWOOD, Livingston County, N. Y., October 30, 1913.

Have tested your Oats with two other kinds, and your Oats made two bushels to one of our own seed.—J. HARRY REAMER, Chambersburg, Pa.

A Splendid Crop

The Oats from your seed yielded 65 bushels to the acre; weight, 36 pounds to the bushel. My other Oats averaged only 30 bushels to the acre.—FRED BRINKMAN, Amsterdam, N. Y.

My Oats were the admiration of all who saw them. They stood fully 4 feet tall, and the heads would measure 12 inches in length.—WM. D. KLEE, Anne Arundel County, Md.

Expect to Plant Largely

In regard to the Twentieth Century Oats, we are pleased to say that they yielded 55 bushels to the acre, by weight. On a large field of about sixteen acres, our own Clydesdale variety yielded 27 bushels to the acre, and the yield of Clydesdale Oats on our best Clydesdale field comparable to the yield of the Twentieth Century was 43 $\frac{2}{3}$ bushels per acre. We are very much pleased with the Twentieth Century Oats, and expect to plant largely of them next year.—EDWARD R. MINNS, New York State College of Agriculture, Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y.

The Twentieth Century Oats were fire; they yielded just two bushels where other Oats yielded one in the same field.—C. A. BOYD, Saegertown, Pa.

440 Bushels from 4 Acres

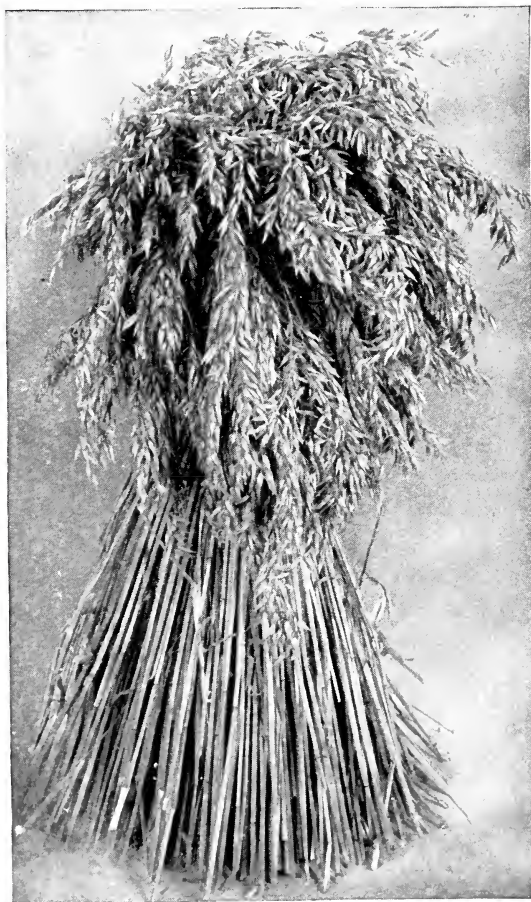
From four acres of land we threshed this season 440 bushels of Oats, thresher's measure.—LEVI SIMONS, Livingston County, N. Y.

Stood Up Well

The Twentieth Century Oats I bought of you last spring came up good, stood up well, and in instances where they were sown beside other kinds, yielded from 25 to 50 per cent better than others. Very many of the Oats bought in this vicinity did not germinate at all.—C. D. JAMES, Danielson, Conn.

The Oats that I purchased from you last season gave 70 measured bushels per acre, very heavy grain, weighing 38 pounds per bushel.—A. YEOMANS, Wayne Co., N. Y.

Oats yielded 75 bushels to the acre; weight 35 pounds.—DANIEL J. MAPES, Monticello, N. Y.



Dibble's Twentieth Century Oats

We introduced this variety several years ago, the seed coming to us from northern Canada, and the Twentieth Century seems to be fully as productive as when we first grew it. On our own farms, the Twentieth Century Oats have given us an average yield of about 60 bushels per acre for the past nine years, growing an average of from 100 to 150 acres annually; this yield is twice the average for the United States during the same period. Several crops on large fields have run over 80 bushels per acre, and a neighbor, from a measured four-acre field, threshed and delivered to our seed-house 440 bushels.

The Twentieth Century is one of the earliest varieties grown. It grows tall, stiff straw, 4 to 5 feet high, free from rust, topped off with long, branching heads, filled with plump, thin-hulled, white grains. Please note the handful of heads, illustrated in the photograph, showing that they average fully a foot in length.

The 1913 Oat crop is reported as 300,000,000 bushels short of that of last year. Our stock of Twentieth Century Seed Oats is exceedingly good, weighing from 34 to 36 pounds, and of splendid color.

Our Oat fields are hand-weeded while growing, the grain re-cleaned by the best mills known, and you will find our Oats a choice sample for seed purposes; and we sell them to you subject to the following guarantee: We guarantee our Seed Oats thoroughly re-cleaned and screened by the best mills known to the trade, and in first-class condition for sowing. Keep our seed grain ten days, test it, and, if not entirely satisfied in every way, return it to us at once and get your money back.

We use reasonable care in packing and sending out our Seed Oats; but, as so many circumstances may arise after they leave our possession, over which we have no control, such as too wet or too dry, too hot or too cold weather, too deep or too shallow planting, etc., we, therefore, do not guarantee, nor will we be responsible for, the crop grown from any of our seeds.

Price, 2½-bushel bag, enough to seed an acre, \$2.50; 10 bus. \$8; 100 bus. \$70. Bags and sacks free.



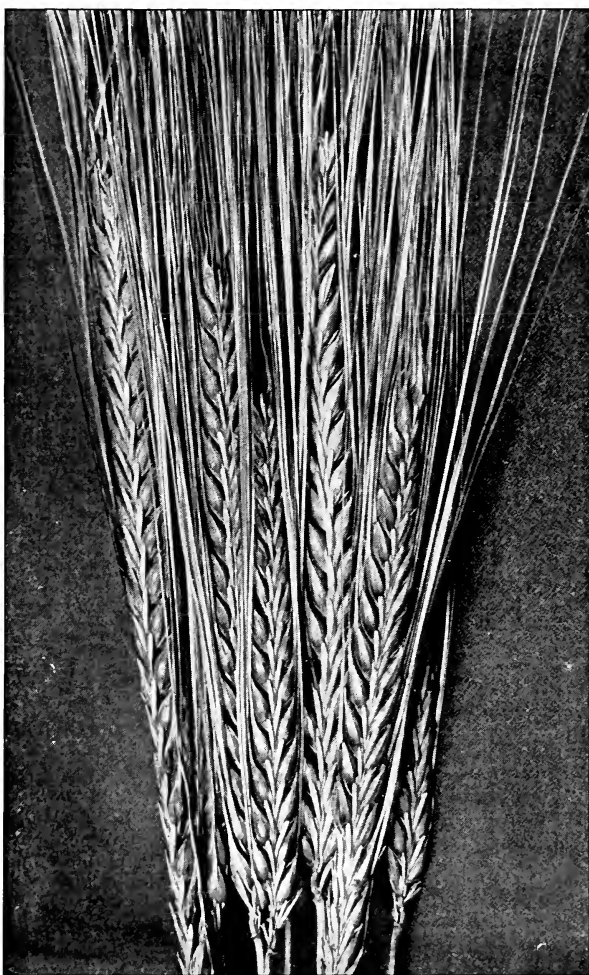
Twentieth Century Oats

Dibble's Seed Barley

DIBBLE'S ODERBRUCKER

A new, heavy-yielding, six-rowed Barley from Wisconsin, the best Barley state in the Union. Original stock seed came from Germany, was grown, improved and disseminated by the Wisconsin Experimental Station, and pronounced the best Barley ever sent out by the Wisconsin Station. Prof. Moore states: "In rust-resistance and stiffness of straw, is superior to any other variety tested." Protein content 15 per cent, or nearly double the amount found in many other varieties, therefore a most valuable feeding Barley as well as one of the best malting Barleys grown. Oderbrucker gave a yield of over 55 bushels per acre right here in New York, on the farm of C. C. Gardner, of Seneca County last year, and we have purchased his entire crop of around a thousand bushels, and offer it to our customers as the handsomest sample of Barley we have seen in years, and well worth growing. Price, 2-bushel bag, enough to sow one acre, \$3; 10 bus., \$12.50; 100 bus., \$110. Bags free.

DIBBLE'S CANADIAN SIX-ROWED BARLEY



Dibble's Canadian Six-rowed Barley

The earliest variety grown, maturing in from 65 to 75 days.

We have been growing Canadian Six-rowed Barley on the Dibble farms for over a score of years. It has made yields of as high as 57 bushels per acre on fields of from twenty to forty acres, with average yields of from 40 to 54 bushels for twenty years.

Price 2-bushel bag, enough to sow one acre, \$2.50; 10 bus., \$11; 100 bus., \$100. New bags free.

We sell it to you subject to this guarantee:

We guarantee our Seed Barley thoroughly re-cleaned and screened by the best mills known to the trade and in first-class condition for sowing. Keep our Seed Barley ten days, test it, and if not entirely satisfied in every way, return it at once and get your money back. We use reasonable care in packing and sending out our Seed Barley; but, as so many circumstances may arise after it leaves our possession, over which we have no control, such as too wet or too dry, too hot or too cold weather, too deep or too shallow planting, etc., we, therefore, do not guarantee, nor will we be responsible for, the crop grown from any of our seeds.

Mammoth Yellow Flint Corn

Dibble's Mammoth Eight-rowed Early Yellow Flint Corn is the best Flint Corn, either for crop or silo, in cultivation. It is the largest variety grown. The stalks average 8 to 10 feet in height, each stalk carrying from one to three ears. It leaves profusely nearly to the ground, and both the leaves and stalks are sweet. The ears average from 10 to 15 inches in length.

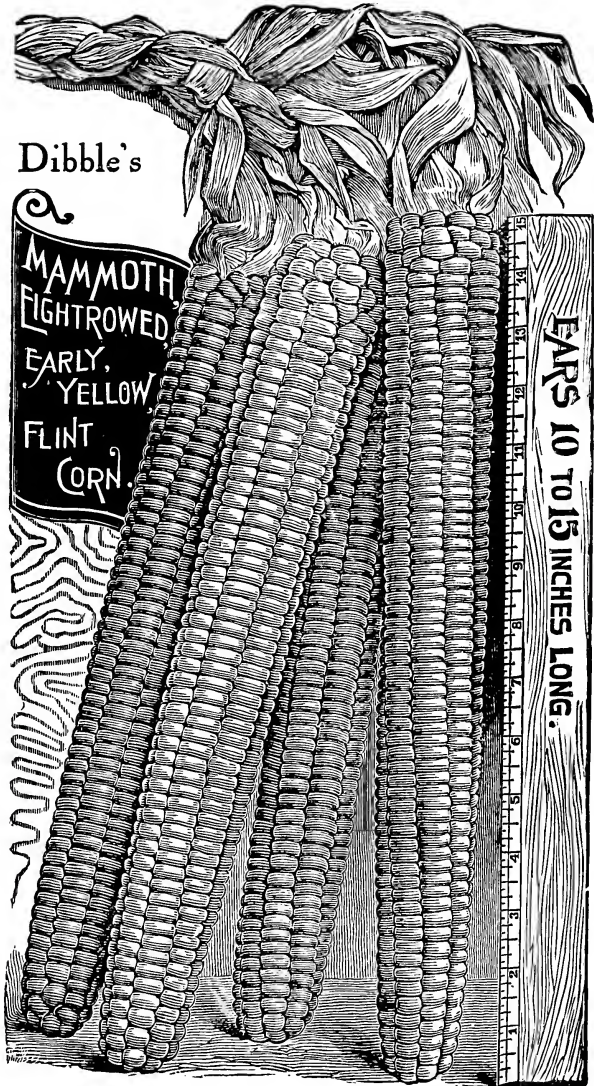
It is early, being fully ripe and ready for the knife within 100 days from date of planting.

M a m m o t h
Twelve-rowed Yellow Flint. A large-growing Yellow Flint, with twelve, rarely fourteen, rows to the ear. Not quite so early as the Eight-rowed but a splendid yielder.

We shall have limited stocks of **Sanford White Flint** and **King Phillip**.

Owing to the severe drought and the early frost around September first, killing Corn on low ground, there is but a limited amount of Flint Seed Corn of good germination in this country this season. We will do our best to furnish our customers the same high grade as in previous seasons, but there is not enough to go around; therefore, order early.

Price of above varieties of Corn: Bushel (enough to plant 4 acres) \$2.50; 2-bus. bag, \$4.50; 10 bus., \$20. Bags free. Send for samples; test it for yourself.



DIBBLE'S SEED CORN

Sold on a Money-Back-if-You-Want-It Guarantee

Notwithstanding the fact that the 1913 Corn crop is 700,000,000 bushels short of that of last year, and the quality is, of course, much inferior as a whole, we shall have at least 10,000 bushels of the highest-grade Seed Corn possible to obtain. Every lot of Corn is tested in our own seed-testing department, both for germination and moisture-content.

SEED CORN GUARANTEE

We guarantee our Seed Corn northern-grown and thoroughly re-cleaned. Our germination tests show 90 per cent, or above, and we sell Seed Corn subject to your test. You may keep our Seed Corn ten days, test it any way you wish, and if it does not "make good," return it immediately and we will refund your money, paying the freight both ways, or refill your order. We use reasonable care in packing and sending out our Seed Corn; but as so many circumstances may arise over which we have no control, such as too wet or too dry, too hot or too cold weather, too deep or too shallow planting, etc., we therefore do not guarantee, nor will we be responsible for, the crop grown from any of our seeds.

EARLY YELLOW DENT, THE CORN TO PLANT WHERE SEASONS ARE SHORT AND FROST COMES EARLY

I like your Eighty-Day Dent Corn. It was of good quality and germinated 98 per cent. The stalks were 12 feet in height. Planted May 28, it was ripe the first week in September. We are well satisfied with your seed.—M. E. GRIFFITH, Litchfield County, Conn.

Enclosed find post-office order for \$20, for seeds, etc. We tested the Dent Corn sent to C. W. Freeman, and it was very good—100 per cent.—W. B. ARCHIBALD, Cattaraugus County, N. Y.

The Eighty-Day Dent Corn eared well; ears 8 to 12 inches long. It matures easily in eighty to ninety days.—G. W. SHARP, Erie County, Pa.

The germination of the Corn was excellent; stalks stood from 12 to 15 feet high.—S. D. SWARTHOUT, Huguenot, N. Y., November 3, 1913.

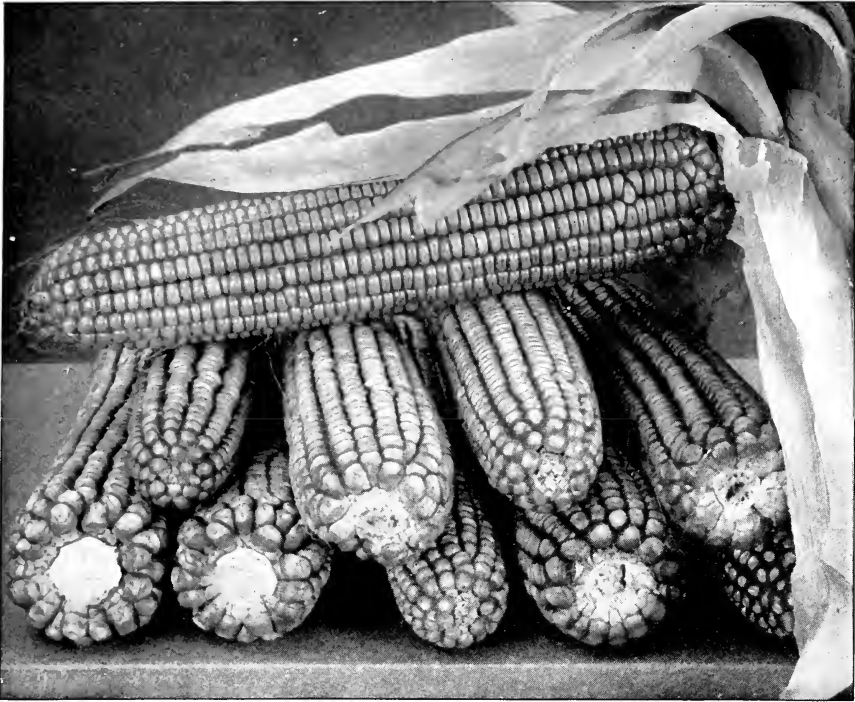
I want ten to twenty bushels of Corn again this year. Your Corn is the best yet. I made a mistake that I did not order my seed from you last spring. Got stung.—D. H. SPRINGER, Herkimer County, N. Y.

The Seed Corn grew to an average of 12 feet in height in one of the worst droughts this section ever had. I estimate the yield 23 to 24 tons to the acre; it is well adapted to this section.—PAUL W. GOODSOE, Stratham, N. H.

The Seed Corn I had from you was all right, each kernel grew; it stood 12 to 14 feet high.—GEORGE L. GILMAN, Granville, N. Y.



A bushel of Early Yellow Dent Field Corn



Some splendid specimens of Dibble's Early Yellow Dent Corn

Dibble's Early Yellow Dent

This was introduced by us seven years ago as the earliest, large Yellow Dent Corn in the world. During that time we have found no other early Yellow Dent to compare with it in point of earliness yield and desirability in every way. Here, in the Genesee Valley country, planted May 15 to June 1, it is ready for the harvest around the first of September. Customers have written that it matures in less than eighty days, and is known in some sections as "Dibble's Eighty-Day Dent;" but it takes longer to mature with us here in western New York. Stalks average from 8 to 12 feet in height, with splendid, heavy, glossy green foliage; ears 8 to 10 inches in length, and small cob. Our seed is from carefully hand-picked, selected ears, thoroughly re-cleaned and shows germination of better than 90 per cent, and we sell it subject to your test. Your money back, if you want it, as per guarantee. We recommend this variety as the best extra-early Yellow Dent Corn for ensilage. Samples free. Write for them; test the Corn yourself.

Price: Bushel, \$2; 2-bus. bag, \$3.50; 10 bus., \$16.50. Bags free

The Corn I Got from You Was Dandy

It grew from 8 to 12 feet high, and every stalk had an ear, many two good-sized ears, with leaves from the ground to the top.—LUDWIG HOFMAN, Smithville Flats, N. Y., November 6, 1913.

It Has No Equal

Your Eighty-Day Dent Corn is the best Corn I ever saw. The germination was perfect; stalks 10 to 14 feet high. It will husk close to 150 bushels to the acre. It has no equal.—CHARLES STEIN, Seneca County, N. Y.

Showed 100 Per Cent Germination

The Eighty-Day Dent Corn has arrived, and upon testing showed 100 per cent germination.—E. H. SMITH, Danby, Va.

DIBBLE'S IMPROVED EARLY LEAMING CORN

**The Best Yellow Dent for Ensilage for the Middle and Eastern States.
Do Not Take Our Say—So for It—It Has Earned this Reputation
on the Farms of Our Customers During the Last Ten Years**

The ten bushels of Improved Leaming Corn bought of you turned out better than you stated it would, 97 per cent of the kernels I tested grew.—J. A. RULAND, Center Village, N. Y., November 3, 1913.

The Improved Leaming grew well under rather adverse conditions. Had the Leaming alongside of Eureka (not your seed), it gave nearly as much fodder per acre as the Eureka, and had many fully matured ears, while the Eureka kernels were barely formed.—K. H. BORELAND, Cape Vincent, N. Y., November 3, 1913.

Best Field of Corn in This Section

The Leaming Corn obtained from you planted twelve and one-half acres, and from the field we filled two silos, each 14 feet in diameter by 33 feet in height; silage was cut to $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch in length and well trod. It was the best field of Corn in this section. The germination test was 98 per cent.—J. H. GODFREY, Trumansburg, N. Y.

No Variety its Equal for Ensilage

We have just finished harvesting one of the largest ensilage crops ever grown on this farm. We put up 606 tons. For this section, climate and soil, we know of no other variety that is equal to the Early Leaming for ensilage.—G. L. WEAVER, Steward, State Institution for Feeble-Minded, Polk, Venango County, Pa.

Nearly every kernel of the Seed Corn purchased from you grew; it was the best piece in this section.—R. T. STORY, Freehold, N. Y., November 10, 1913.

I planted four bushels of the Improved Leaming, germination was good and quite satisfactory, stalks grew to an average height of 10 feet, and the tonnage would average eighteen tons per acre.—A. D. WAIT, Potsdam, N. Y., November 12, 1913.

Grew 15 to 16 Feet High

The Leaming Corn was exceptionally good; grew 15 to 16 feet high, with many stalks having four ears. Six acres filled a 100-ton silo.—F. L. PARMELEE, Putney, Windham County, Vt.

100 Per Cent of Your Corn Grew

Had a good crop of Corn; stalks grew 10 to 12 feet high. It always seems as though 100 per cent of your Corn grew. I always have a good stand from your seed when neighbors fail.—JOHN CHAFFEE, Loomis, N. Y.

The Improved Leaming germination perfect and very strong; very satisfactory.—RUSSELL W. COFFIN, Greenwich, N. Y., October 28, 1913.

A Tremendous Crop

The Leaming we had from you last year grew from 18 to 20 feet high and was a tremendous crop.—LUCIUS BALDWIN & SON, Cayuga, N. Y.

Your Seed Corn was very good. It grew very large, and my Leaming got ripe and I am husking it.—FRED W. TERRY, New Albany, Pa., November 1, 1913.



Improved Leaming Real Seed Corn

Dibble's Improved Early Leaming Corn

The best Dent variety for ensilage purposes for the middle and eastern states. Our Improved Leaming matures here in western New York in from 100 to 110 days of good Corn weather; the stalks average from 10 to 15 feet in height, and we have put into our silos many a time, thirty tons of ensilage per acre that would have husked 100 to 125 bushels of ears. In the dry summer just passed, one field of twenty acres would have husked out way over 2,000 bushels of sound, mature Corn if we had not siloed it. The Corn that will do this is surely a valuable one for the farmer or stock-feeder.

One of the Professors of Cornell University, in a recent letter, says: "The farmers of the state are making a great mistake in resorting to such varieties as Eureka and

Southern Horse-Tooth for Ensilage Corn," and he recommends Leaming as one of the best varieties to plant. This has been our contention for at least ten years. We found it out by comparative tests in field culture on our own seed farms, and it is a source of pleasure to us to have Cornell University advocate the very doctrine we have been trying to impress on the farmers of this state for the past decade. Dibble's Improved Leaming is strictly high-grade, pedigree seed, from carefully selected, hand-picked ears, and of most excellent germination, testing above 90 per cent, and sold to you subject to our own test. Keep it ten days, and, if not right, return it and get your money back as per terms of our guarantee. You run absolutely no chances of using poor Seed Corn if you buy Dibble's Improved Leaming. We shall be glad to send you samples free.

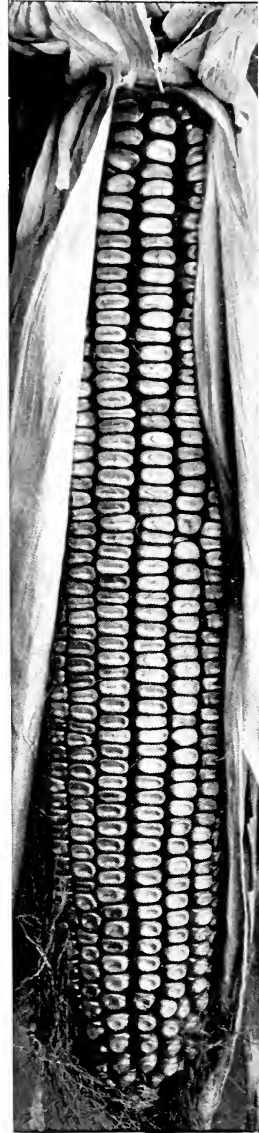
Single bushel, \$2; 2-bus., \$3.50; 10 bus., \$15. Bags free. Special prices on larger quantities

From an Enthusiastic Grower

The Improved Leaming grew very large and well eared. Am sending photographs. The Corn stood 12 to 13 feet in height. The ears of Corn shown in the small photograph are fully 8 feet from the ground.—Wm. P. Brooks, Allegany County, N. Y.



Wm. P. Brooks (see testimonial)





Some Corn this—six ears on a stalk

DIBBLE'S MAMMOTH WHITE ENSILAGE CORN

In a Class by Itself. If You Want the Largest, Rankest-Growing Dent for Fodder or Ensilage that is Adapted to Eastern Conditions, This Is It

The Mammoth White Dent was good in germination and growth, about 12 to 14 feet high.—JOSEPH GEORGE, JR., Java Center, N. Y., October 30, 1913.

The germination of the Seed Corn from you last spring was splendid. From six acres I filled my silo, 12 by 30 feet.—WILLIAM WELKER, Elba, N. Y.

King of Ensilage Corn

The Mammoth White Ensilage Corn did finely. Corn in ear hardened by September 28. Stalks from 12 to 22 feet high, according to the conditions of soil. Filled a 300-ton silo from twelve and one-half acres. Call it "King of Ensilage Corn."—R. B. ANDERSON, Guilford, Conn.

I had an excellent crop of Corn from your seed. Each stalk had from one to three large, well-filled ears; had enough to fill my silo, 14 by 26 feet and refill it, and sold a neighbor ten tons from four acres. Germination was 99 per cent.—R. B. FRASER, Ferndale, N. Y.

The germination of Mammoth White Dent was apparently perfect; stalks 14 feet in height. Shall want more next spring.—CLARENCE GLEASON, Haverhill, Mass.

Nearly 100 per cent germination on Seed Corn from you, the stalks on an average of 12 feet, and 90 per cent of the ears well developed and of mature growth.—A. E. MOWRY, Meshoppen, Pa., October 28, 1913.

I am about seventy years old, and this summer was the driest I ever knew. The germination of the Seed Corn was good, and I have about 200 tons ensilage from it.—J. P. WHITTOCK, St. Johnsville, N. Y.

May 24 I planted one acre of your Mammoth White Ensilage Corn for fall fodder, and fed my herd of twenty cattle from August 15 for two months. It is the biggest, leafiest, most palatable Corn I have ever grown.—A. D. BITTNER, Beaver Meadows, Pa.

The Seed Corn I bought of you last spring germinated well, and I am well pleased with it. My silo Corn was fine, some standing 20 feet high.—J. C. DREISCHER, Dalton, Pa., November 17, 1913.

Large Yield

Mammoth White Dent, planted forepart of June on four and one-half acres, filled my silo. 12 x 32 feet.—C. H. WATROUS, Gaines, Pa.

The White Corn was a large crop. The five acres filled a silo 15 x 24 feet, and refilled it, and there are many tons still in the lot. The best piece around here. F. A. CALLAHAN, Cazenovia, N. Y.

The Mammoth White Ensilage Corn gave me a first-class growth, averaged 14 feet tall, had enough on less than four acres to fill a silo 14 x 26 feet, and had six or eight loads left that we could not put in.—GEO. L. RECORD, Earlville, N. Y.

Dibble's Mammoth White Ensilage Corn

Grows the tallest and is the most leafy of any of the big varieties of Ensilage Corn with which we are acquainted, and is the only big, late, rank-growing Corn that is, in our opinion, adapted to the northern states.

Our seed stock of this variety is grown in latitude 41°, and during the past five years it has thoroughly matured and ripened slightly farther north. Northern-grown Seed Corn is the kind to plant.

Dibble's Mammoth White Dent is the largest, strongest-growing Corn, whether Flint or Dent, that is adapted to the northern or central states. This variety is a very hardy, extremely rapid grower, and, under favorable conditions, with first-class culture, will produce crops 14 to 20 feet in height.

We do not recommend this variety for crop for husking in the North or north central states, nor do we recommend it for ensilage for those farmers who desire to put into their silos Corn rich in mature ears; but we do earnestly recommend it as the variety par excellence to all of our customers who desire to grow the largest amount of Corn foliage per acre that it is possible to produce from the soil.

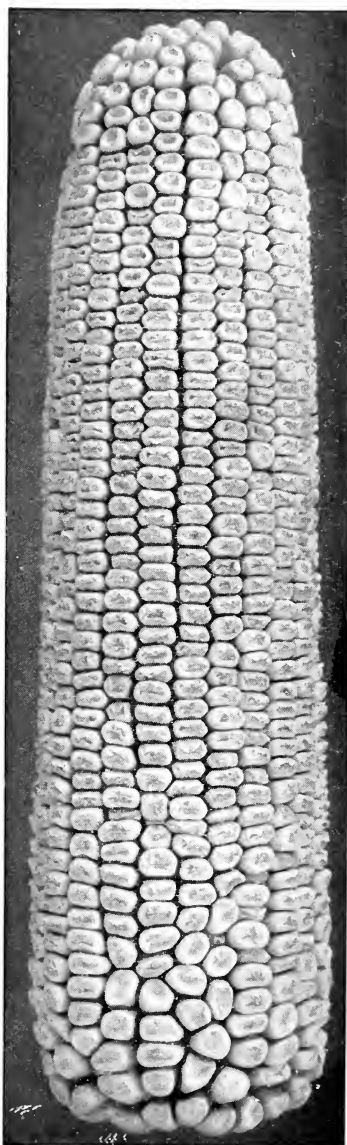
On the opposite page, several of our customers state that this Corn grew 20 to 22 feet in height and others say that four to six acres fill the ordinary silo. Read all the letters.

If you want a big, rank-growing, leafy Corn, plant Mammoth White instead of "Southern Sheep-Tooth," "Eureka," "Red-Cob," etc., and you will be more than satisfied.

This is sold to you subject to your own tests after you receive the Corn. Test it any way, and, if it is not so good as we say it is, send it back and get your money back. Read the guarantee before ordering. Our Corn must please you or you do not have to keep it.

Our seed is of superior quality, all northern-grown, hardy, full of vitality, and shows germination test with us better than 90 per cent. Samples free. Test them yourself.

Price: Single bushel, \$2; 2-bus. bag, \$3.50; 10 bus., \$16.50. Special prices on quantities



Dibble's Seeds the Best That Money Will Buy

DIRECT TO YOU AT LOWER PRICES THAN YOU CAN PURCHASE THE SAME HIGH-GRADE SEEDS FOR ELSEWHERE

Because we own our own seed farms and warehouses, are located in the country, have no high-priced city rents to pay, but one profit and that a small one. We are farmers first and seedsmen afterwards, and will not ship seeds to our customers that we would not use on our own farms.

Interested in the Attention Given to Purity and Germination

New York City, November 23.
Dear Mr. Dibble: The Seed Corn and Grass Seed I obtained from you were of the very highest quality. I was particularly interested in seeing the attention you give to purity and strong germination. Almost every grain of the Seed Corn germinated, and the Clover and Timothy gave a magnificent stand. I congratulate you on the firm stand you have taken for good seed—seed that is clean and of high germinating power. Everybody ought to be your customer.

C. A. BURKETT, Editor, *American Agriculturist*.

We have just finished husking a two-acre lot of Corn raised from your Mammoth Yellow Flint Seed Corn, and the yield has been so good that I cannot keep it to myself. We put into our corn-crib out of this two-acre lot 460 bushels of very fine Corn.—H. A. MEDLONG, Oswego, County, N. Y.

The three kinds of Corn from you were fine. Those who had seed from me think it better than they could purchase around here.—JOHN F. BLUMENSTOCK, East Springfield, N. Y., October 31, 1913.

I am inclosing an order for seed which I trust will have your usual attention. Dibble's Seeds have always given us such splendid results that I have implicit confidence in them.—H. C. PARK, Cashier, Central National Bank, Columbus, Ohio.

I ordered my Alfalfa seed of you last spring, and also some for a neighbor. We both have excellent seedlings and I believe every seed grew. I have always found D. B. Brand seeds right in every way.—M. COTTER, Holcomb, N. Y.

Luther Tucker & Son, former publishers of *The Country Gentleman*, in a letter, June 1, 1911, from which we are permitted to quote, state: "Mr. Dibble has been a large and regular patron of the advertising columns of *The Country Gentleman* for many years, and must have sold in the aggregate a vast quantity of seeds to our subscribers, from whom we have heard nothing that was not in the highest degree complimentary. His dealings with us have been unqualifiedly business-like and satisfactory. There is no one in the country from whom we could order seeds with greater confidence or for whom we could receive an advertisement with greater pleasure."

I thought it would only be giving you justice to let you know that the seed Potatoes did exceptionally well. We had an average crop of over 200 bushels per acre. Your Yellow Flint Corn was the best I ever saw in this district. I believe that New York State seed is better for this section than that from Maine.—DONALD MACREA, State Farm, Mass.

WHAT OUR BANKERS SAY

Bank of Honeoye Falls, Honeoye Falls, N. Y.

December 1, 1913.

I have known the members of the corporation, Edward F. Dibble Seedgrower, many years, and have watched the marvelous growth of their business with great pleasure. Starting in a small way, over twenty years ago, on a 150-acre farm a mile south of town, their business has steadily grown until today it is the largest of its kind in this country, so far as I know. They are the largest land-owners in this section, and their seed-farms are very productive and in the highest state of cultivation. They are men of the strictest integrity, of the very highest standing in our community, and their Farm Seeds can be depended upon to be the best grade obtainable.

A. M. HOLDEN, Banker.

Bank of Lima, Lima, New York

November 29, 1913.

All of the members of the corporation, Edward F. Dibble Seedgrower, were born in and brought up in this township, and are among our best and most respected citizens. Their relations with our bank have been entirely satisfactory in every way.

Their six farms are among the best in this town, highly productive, thoroughly well tilled, and are conducted in an exceedingly successful and prosperous manner.

We believe Dibble's Seeds will prove as good as they say they are every time, as we do not think this firm would knowingly misrepresent, in any way, any seeds it would offer for sale.

[Seal] Bank of Lima, Lima, N. Y.
SMITH L. PARMELE, Cashier.



Edward F. Dibble



H. E. Dibble



Dean G. Martin

THE MEN BEHIND THE SEEDS

Edward F. Dibble, President of the Company, was born on a farm forty-seven years ago and received his preliminary education at the old cobblestone schoolhouse, finishing at the Genesee Wesleyan Seminary. For the past twenty-five years he has been actively engaged in general farming and seed-growing. Twenty-three years ago he founded the Farm Seed Business bearing his name. Mr. Dibble owns, and is engaged in operating, over 1,000 acres of choice farming lands here. He has charge of the office end of the business, takes care of the correspondence, makes purchases and contracts, and attends to the sales department.

H. E. Dibble, Secretary of the Company, son of Edward F. Dibble, is twenty-four years of age, a graduate of Cornell University, with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and Master of Science from the University of Wisconsin. During the entire five years spent at these universities he specialized in plant-breeding, seed-testing, seed-growing, plant pathology and the like, and, in the summers of 1911 and 1912, was in the employ of the United States Department of Agriculture in charge of the Experiment Grounds at Honeoye Falls, where the most extensive experiments with potatoes ever conducted by any nation are being carried on. H. E. has charge of our experimental work, the seed-testing department, where our seeds are tested for purity, germination, moisture-content, etc. During the shipping season he will be found on the packing-floor, hustling the orders to our customers, and, when not busy at our warehouses, is running a 430-acre farm.

Dean G. Martin, Treasurer of the Company, was born on the farm on which he still resides, forty-eight years ago, receiving a preliminary education in the common schools, and afterwards graduated from the Clinton Liberal Institute of Fort Plain, N. Y. He has been engaged in farming and seed-growing for over twenty-five years, and his farm of 160 acres is one of the most beautiful and fertile in the famous Honeoye Valley. Upon Mr. Martin devolves the hard work of manager of our seed houses, taking in, assorting and storing our seed potatoes, and we rarely ever go into the winter without at least one hundred carloads in store. Mr. Martin superintends the operation of our re-cleaning plant and elevator, where we clean and re-clean tens of thousands of bushels of seed corn, seed oats, barley, etc., annually, and during the shipping season he is a mighty busy man, as our shipments aggregate an annual output of 6,000,000 to 7,000,000 pounds.

Every member of our firm is a practical farmer and seed-grower, and our ancestors before us on both sides have been farmers for at least one hundred and fifty years. We revere the past, glory in the present, and look forward with confidence to the future. **WE KNOW FARM SEEDS.**

Edward F. Dibble Seedgrower Honeoye Falls, N. Y.

NORTHERN
GROWN
SEED
POTATOES

CLOVER
GRASS
ALFALFA
SEED

CORN
OATS
BARLEY

D.B. Red
Medium
Clover

Dibble's
Mammoth
Yellow Flint

Dibble's Early
Yellow Dent

Dibble's
Heavyweight
Oats

